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UNITED INDUSTRIAL SERVICES LTD. (UISL)

ASSESSMENT REPORT ON SILICA SAND PERMIT 9393080332

by

John D. Godfrey, P.Geol., PhD

J.D. Sons & Associates Management Ltd.

and

Murray E. Robinson, CMA

United Industrial Services Ltd.

Calgary, Alberta

October 31, 1999

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APPENDICES

- 1. Property map with geological sample sites, cross-section location Isopach map of Paddy Member sandstone
- 2. 1997 Bodard geology report on fieldwork
- 3. 1998 Geological log of channel and drill-hole sample sections
- 4. 1998 Godfrey geology summary memorandum on fieldwork
- 5. 1999 Geological log of channel and drill-hole sample sections
- 6. 1999 Fraser geology report on fieldwork (extract)

UNITED INDUSTRIAL SERVICES LTD. (UISL)

ASSESSMENT REPORT ON SILICA SAND PERMIT 9393080332

Introduction

United Industrial Services Ltd. (formerly known as "Ultrasonic Industrial Sciences Ltd."), the permit holder, wishes to submit the following assessment report in order to comply with requirements by Alberta Energy regarding an area of 1249.56 hectares contained within Metallic and Industrial Minerals Permit # 9393080332.

Compilation of this report is a joint undertaking by John D. Godfrey, P.Geol., primarily responsible for the geological content and Murray E. Robinson, CMA who is directly responsible for the financial operations of UISL.

Background Summary

Prior to any field exploration program being undertaken by UISL, an evaluation of existing reports and recent fieldwork by the previous management of Ultrasonic Industrial Sciences Ltd. was compiled and summarised by John D. Godfrey (1997a). This summary became the basis for the initial programs developed by the new management of United Industrial Services Ltd.

During the past two years, United Industrial Services Ltd. (UISL) has been fully and actively engaged in the detailed exploration of a silica sand deposit located some 10 km north of the town of Peace River, Alberta, accessible from the town by road (Figure 1). The permit area (Figure 2) straddles the Peace River, however, the recent geological exploration effort by UISL has been initially concentrated on the east side of the river valley with a view to bringing this part of the deposit into production first.

This silica sand deposit of Lower Cretaceous age was first described in detail by geologist M.B.B. Crockford, Research Council of Alberta (1949). The reader is referred to this manuscript for a detailed description of the



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Figure 1. Location of Silica Sand Property, Peace River region, Alberta, Canada United Industrial Services Ltd.





Metallic and Industrial Minerals Permit 9393080332 Metallic and Industrial Minerals Lease 9496110001 (mining) Mineral Surface Lease (MSL) MSL 941817 (access & plant)



Figure 2. Silica Sand permit and leases, United Industrial Services Ltd.

regional geology and several measured sections including the silica sand bed that occur within the immediate general area.

More recent work by Dale A. Leckie (1990) of the Geological Survey of Canada and associated workers provides more detail, particularly regarding the sedimentological environment of deposition of the Paddy Member (includes the silica sand) and adjacent lithologies. By this time, the sand had become of increasing interest to the petroleum exploration industry where it lies beneath an appropriately thicker cover of younger strata.

Exploration of the Paddy Member silica sand by UISL has drawn on these, other published studies, and other publicly available documents, wherever suitable.

During the past 45 years or so, exploration of the silica sand has been successively undertaken by several mineral permit holders in the general area of the permit held by UISL. Their work and the reliability of the exploration data were evaluated and selectively compiled by Hamilton, Alberta Research Council, (1989). At that time, in conjunction with Hardy/BBT, Hamilton also supervised a series of five drill holes that explored the continuity of the Paddy Member sand subcrop along a strike length of about 2.5 miles on the east side of the Peace River valley. The compilation of earlier drill data and additional exploration drilling by Hamilton have formed the basis for the initial exploration programs by UISL.

Following are outlines of the exploration work programs conducted by UISL, described on a year-by-year basis (1996-99), with a financial statement of expenses associated with each phase of the work programs. Costs of laboratory analytical work do not form a part of the assessment claim and therefore correspondingly do not form a part of the technical documentation presented here. A map of the UISL property showing access road and trails, the processing plant, the locations and identification numbers of channel samples, drill hole sample sites and test pits is enclosed in Appendix 1.

1. UISL FIELDWORK PROGRAMS

UISL FIELDWORK PROGRAM FOR 1996

1. PROGRAMS UNDERTAKEN

Phase I Fieldwork Program

1. I. 1 Program Description:

A major operation of stripping overburden was undertaken in order to explore the lateral continuity, thickness and textural character of the Paddy Member silica sand by extending the natural outcrop already visible towards the southern boundary of the permit area. The success of this stripping program was very limited as the expected lateral continuity of the silica sand bed was not realised. Later exploration by test pits and drill sampling data show that an erosional valley has removed much of the silica sand at this location. Although not successful in leading directly towards a production operation, the overall exploration program of the silica sand deposit has benefited in helping to define a 3-D model of the deposit in the local area.

Access to the stripping site required flagging of the right-of-way followed by the construction of trails primarily with the use of a bulldozer. Stripping of overburden was accomplished by bulldozer.

UISL FIELDWORK PROGRAM IN 1997

2. PROGRAMS UNDERTAKEN

Phase I Fieldwork Program

2. I. 1 Program Description:

A general geological examination of the surface features of the property, including natural outcrops and exposures created by inactive gravel pit operations and a series of test pits and trenches, was followed by vertical channel sampling of one natural outcrop of the Paddy Member sandstone on the upper bank of the Peace River valley.

UISL decided to focus the immediate exploration effort in the southern extremity of the East Block (east of the Peace River) within the permit area, with a view to outlining reserves for an evaluation leading to a production situation. Over the succeeding years, exploration has continued to focus on this region, gradually extending the area of detailed sampling and exploration generally progressing from south to north.

A two-man crew cut a continuous vertical channel sample across the silica sand beds at 2-foot lengths, occasionally using lateral stratigraphic offsets to improve ease of access (JG/KM-97-CH01). The sandstone is sufficiently friable that the exposed surface can be cleaned off by shaving it with a hand axe and the channel sample cut by axe, sand caught in a plastic pail, bagged, tied and labeled. The geological log of the channel section was measured with the aid of a tape measure. Geological observations included primary sedimentary structures, sand textures, orientation of bedding, joints, and groundwater features. Some of the photographs recording various geological features are reproduced in a report by Godfrey (1997b).

This sampling methodology was used throughout in the course of vertical channel sampling of surface exposures in later years. The 2-foot channel sample lengths (for both outcrop channel sampling and for drill hole sampling) were standardized throughout the exploration programs for 1997 and 1998. The field program for 1999 employed the same methodology but after the experience of the first two years, and in order to harmonize with the metric system being used in other aspects of property development, continuous sampling switched from 2-foot to one metre length samples.

2. I. 2 Samples Collected:

Channel Sample:	JG/KM-97-CH01-1/12	12 samples
Bulk Sample:	KM-97-B02-1	1 sample

Phase II Fieldwork Program

2. II. 1 Program Description:

An extensive field exploration program was conducted following the fieldwork guidelines set out above that included: tape-measured sections and channel sampling of natural outcrops (2), test pits and trenches (Map in pocket). Working on the steep cliff face of the Paddy Member in the Peace River valley wall required the expertise of an experienced mountain climber (Ryan Wyngaarden) for safety reasons.

Drill sampling utilized a reverse air circulation rig for sampling of 7 boreholes; the operation included a 2-man drill crew plus a geologist logging the borehole and catching/labeling samples. Two geologists, John D. Godfrey and John M. Bodard, worked on different phases of the exploration program on the property. A summary of the exploration geology program, including geological logs, is reported in Bodard (1997) (Appendix 2). Particle size analyses were conducted on all of the silica sand samples and several of the mixed zone materials.

2. II. 2 Samples Collected:

Four channel sampled sections of natural outcrops accounted for a total of 49.3 m of section and drill sampling at 7 drill hole sites accounted for another 224.7 m for a grand total of 274.0 m for the 1997 field season.

Notations for various categories of field samples are:

CH = Channel sampled continuous section in silica sand
CHTP = Channel sampled continuous section in test pit
DH = Drill hole sampled continuous section in silica sand
B = Bulk sample taken perpendicularly across silica sand section

Tabulation of sample sites:	Number of Samples
JG/JB-97-DH03-1/12	12
JG/JB-97-DH04-1/22	22
JG-97-DH05-1/4	4
JG-97-DH06-1/19	19
JG-97-DH07-1/31	31
JG-97-DH08-1/31	26
JG/JB-97-DH09-1/21	19
JG/JB-97-CH10-1/16	17
JG/JB-97-CH12-1/9	9
JG/JB-97-CH13-1/13	13
Total	172

Phase III Laboratory Program

2. III. 1 Program Description

Laboratory procedures included particle size distribution analyses conducted by EBA Consulting Engineers, Calgary, (172) and AGRA Earth & Environmental Limited, Edmonton, (11).

A particle shape and roundness evaluation and a diagenetic study of the Paddy Member sandstone, using petrographic and binocular microscopes, was conducted by John D. Godfrey.

2. III. 2 Sieve Analyses

All of the sand samples were oven dried, split, sieved according to the ASTM guidelines, bagged and labeled.

AGRA sieved 11 samples, using the following US Standard Series openings:

8/10/16/20/30/40/50/100/200/-200 (pan)

EBA sieved 172 samples using the following US Standard Series openings: 12/20/40/50/70/80/100/200/-200 (pan)

2. III. 3 Auxiliary Services

Technical assistant, Tolan Freisen, supervised drying of the sand samples whilst in temporary storage at the Ramsay Ranch, Okotoks. Examination of the samples was made by Ken Murdock, P.Eng. and John Godfrey, P.Geol.

The samples were transferred from the Ramsay Ranch to the EBA laboratory for size analyses and thence to a permanent mini storage facility in Calgary.

Phase IV Data Compilation

2. IV. 1 Field Data

Channel sampling and drill-hole data have allowed a more precise definition of the shape and size of the silica sand body. Geologs of the 1997 channel and drill hole sections are presented in Appendix 2. An isopach map (contours of the silica sand body) was constructed based on 1997 sample data points plus selected reliable data points from earlier exploration programs.

The isopach map is a useful guide for modeling of the silica sand body, it also illustrates the continuity of the silica sand, defines the area of upgraded reserves to pre-production development ore and has provided the initial basis for mine planning and production scheduling. Siting of the permanent processing plant facilities and storage areas (now completed) was determined from the isopach compilation, taking advantage of a local area of thinned Paddy Member silica sands.

The initial pilot-scale open-pit operations to feed the processing plant are being taken from the area south of the plant site. Eventual exhaustion of these reserves will require moving the excavation operation to the east and north sides of the plant site.

2. IV. 2 Laboratory Analytical Data

Industrial applications of silica sand products depend to a large extent on its textural characteristics. Therefore, particle size analyses have been conducted on every silica sand sample taken in vertical continuous channel and drill-hole sample sections and in bulk samples.

The individual particle size analyses have been compiled and systematically reduced and averaged for the drill hole and channel sample sections, then averaged by weighting to estimate reserves for various pre-production mining areas south of the plant site.

UISL FIELDWORK PROGRAM FOR 1998

3. PROGRAMS UNDERTAKEN

Phase I Fieldwork Program

3. I. 1 Program Description

The field program objective was directed towards establishing a network of sample points for the purpose of testing the lateral continuity, quality and character of the Paddy Member sandstone. In the process, the volume of proven silica sand reserves was increased and the field data on overburden thickness and type was incorporated into the mine planning process.

Continuous vertical channel samples were cut by a 2-man crew on the outcrop of the Paddy Member sandstone exposed in the upper cliff face along the east bank of the Peace River (Map in Appendix 1 pocket for locations). Professional mountaineer, Matt Peters, provided assistance to ensure that safety standards were met at each step of this operation.

The field work was under the direction of John D. Godfrey, P.Geol. and professional geologist Stuart C. Fraser was assisted by James Foufas in the field during the channel sampling and drill hole sampling phases.

The drilling contractor was Simons Drilling, Edmonton, who supplied a 2man crew to run the reverse circulation drill rig. Much of the drill sampling was conducted with dry air, occasionally water misting was employed, and one hole was abandoned (JG/SF-98-DH25) with rods stuck in a particularly thick overburden section of glacial gravel.

The general procedures used in the sampling program followed the guidelines described earlier. Location of sample points are shown in the map in the attached pocket. The samples were transported to the laboratory of EBA Engineering, Calgary for particle size analysis of all of the Paddy Member samples and selected representation from the underlying Cadotte Sandstone member. Several test pits were mapped and sampled in the usual way to extend the local coverage of geological data on the Paddy Member sandstone. Test pits, access trails, drill pad preparations, and all other surface work was completed by contractor Eric's Trenching, Peace River.

Geologs of all sampled and measured sections for 1998 are presented in Appendix 3. A description of the status of the geology on the UISL property is given by Godfrey (1998) and presented in Appendix 4.

Ground survey control of the above field activity, and other on-site work, was maintained by Northpoint Land Surveying Ltd., Peace River.

MRDI, Calgary inspected the property and especially made note of the geology from the point-of-view of constraints and options for open-pit excavation planning. Geotechnical engineers from AGRA, Edmonton, also inspected the property with a particular interest in slope stability conditions.

A second aspect of the 1998 program was to obtain some geological knowledge of the Paddy Member silica sand throughout the east side permit area of the deposit at the reconnaissance level. The previous owner of the property had already commissioned a reconnaissance study, including a 5 drill hole program, conducted by Hardy/BBT and the Alberta Research Council (Hamilton, 1989). It was therefore unnecessary for UISL to undertake such a drill program. Samples were obtained from the earlier study for laboratory analysis.

3. I. 2. Samples Collected

The UISL program involved continuous vertical channel sampling of the Paddy Member sandstone was conducted in 7 Test Pits, 4 natural outcrop sections, 12 drill holes (one abandoned) and 1 representative bulk sample was taken across the Paddy sandstone in Test Pit 6. Channel sampling of natural outcrops accounted for 21.8 m of section, channel sampling of test pits for 11.8 m and drill sampling another 230.7 m for a grand total of 264.3 m for the field season of 1998.

Geologs for these sections are given in Appendix 3.

Sample sites:	Number of Samples
JG/SF-98-CH11A-1/	0
JG/SF-98-CHTP14-1/	0
JG/SF-98-CHTP15-1/	0
JG/SF-98-CHTP16-4/16	13
JG/SF-98-CHTP17-1/	2
SF/KM-98-B18	1
JG/SF-98-CH19-1/4	4
JG/SF-98-CH20-1/	0
JG/SF-98-CH21-1/	0
JG/SF-98-DH22-4/16	13
JG/SF-98-DH23-1/17	17
JG/SF-98-DH24-1/22	22
JG/SF-98-DH25- abandoned	0
JG/SF-98-DH26-9/20	12
JG/SF-98-DH27-2/23	21
JG/SF-98-DH28-1/22	22
JG/SF-98-DH29-1/23	23
JG/SF-98-DH30-1/19	19
JG/SF-98-DH31-2/19	18
JG/SF-98-DH32- 1/14	14
JG/SF-98-DH33-1/21	21
Total	225

Samples collected from the Hardy/BBT - Alberta Research Council study included:

Sample sites:	Number of Samples
E89-1-1/7	7
E89-2-1/22	22
E89-3-1/16	16
E89-4-1/5	5
<u>E89-5-1/15</u>	14*
Total	64

*Sample # 6 is missing

Phase II Laboratory Program

3. II. I Program Description

The UISL field program produced 225 drill and channel outcrop samples, submitted to EBA Engineering, Calgary for particle size analysis, were dried and sieved according to the ASTM guidelines.

Another series of 64 samples were sieved from the 1989 study by Hardy/BBT - Alberta Research Council.

3. II. 2 Sieve Analyses

EBA Engineering, Calgary were responsible for the entire particle size analyses of 289 samples. The bagged, labeled size fraction separates were placed in long-term storage in the company mini storage facility in Calgary. The size analysis used the following US Standard Series openings:

12/20/40/50/70/80/100/200/-200 (pan)

Phase III Data Compilation

3. III. 1 Field Data

The sample point field data have been incorporated into the overall geological data base and have extended the regional network of points used for geological cross-section construction, refinement of Paddy Member isopach mapping, proven reserves calculations, etc.

3. III. 2 Laboratory Analytical Data

Individual particle size analyses of samples have been tabulated and reduced to produce weighted averages for each sample point and then summarised for calculations of ore reserves.

UISL FIELDWORK PROGRAM FOR 1999

4. PROGRAMS UNDERTAKEN

Phase I Fieldwork Program

4. I. 1 Program Description

A field program of expanding the network of sample data points was essential for the orderly development and extension of the proven reserves and for open-pit planning in advance of production planning. A pattern of drill-hole sampling was completed to improve and refine the 3-D model of the Paddy Member sandstone body, outline reserves initially to the south of the plant site and then shifted to the east and north sides of the plant to develop data in readiness for future production and to meet information requirements for the 5-year plan. Drill hole geologs are in Appendix 5 and other details of the program are summarised by Fraser (Appendix 6).

A series of 16 drill holes by contractor Schmidt Drilling, Ponoka, Alberta in the 1999 field sampling program included 4 to the south of the plant site and another 12 in an approximate grid pattern to the east and north.

Recent drill sampling to the south has better defined the previously indicated erosional channel that has locally removed part of the upper section of the Paddy Member sandstone, Figure 4, Fraser (1999, Appendix 6). This detail provides important input for the open-pit mine planning. UISL achieved pilot-scale production during the current year.

To the north of the plant site the western boundary of the mineable Paddy Member sandstone is defined by a combination of glacial melt water erosion, later in-filled by glacial deposits, and by subsequent slump activity that transported bedrock blocks westwards towards the Peace River valley.

For the first time, the groundwater table became evident in drilling DH 38 and several piezometric observation wells were subsequently installed to provide monitoring of the water level. This groundwater may turn out to be a perched water table.

4. I. 2 Samples Collected

The Paddy Member, including the related Upper and Lower Mixed Zones, were subjected to continuous sample collecting, individual samples being one metre long. Drilling was conducted in a dry state wherever possible to improve the quality of the geological data. However, misting with water was used at the discretion of the driller. One hole was abandoned (JG/SF-99-DH45) due to the drill rods sticking in a thick section of glacial gravel. Following is a list of drill holes and samples collected at each drill site.

Drill Sample Sites	No. Samples Collected
JG/SF-99-DH34-18/25	8
JG/SF-99-DH35-12/26	15
JG/SF-99-DH36-17/22	6
JG/SF-99-DH37-12/17	6
JG/SF-99-DH38-19/35	17
JG/SF-99-DH39-19/35	17
JG/SF-99-DH40-14/32	19
JG/SF-99-DH41-10/27	18
JG/SF-99-DH42-17/19	3
JG/SF-99-DH43-11/24	14
JG/SF-99-DH44-14/28	15
JG/SF-99-DH45 abandone	d O
JG/SF-99-DH46-18/20	3
JG/SF-99-DH47-37-52	18
JG/SF-99-DH48-12/29	18
JG/SF-99-DH49-25/43	19
Total	210

Phase II Laboratory Program

4. II. 1 Program Description

J.R. Paine & Associates Ltd., Peace River, Alberta were awarded the contract for particle size analysis for the drill samples generated from the exploration drill sampling program. All laboratory procedures followed the regulations as prescribed by ASTM.

Spot checks of the geological character of the Paddy Member silica sand were made under the binocular microscope.

4. II. 2 Sieve Analyses

The particle size analysis of 210 samples by J.R. Paine & Associates Ltd. used the following US Standard Series openings:

12/20/40/50/70/80/100/200/-200 (pan)

Phase III Data Compilation

4. III. 1 Field Data

A suitable network of sample data points is now in place for the area south of the plant site. Isopach plots for the Paddy Member sandstone (Map in Appendix 1 pocket) using measured sections and analytical sample data, will allow calculation of the proven reserves and for open-pit mine planning. There are enough data points adjacent to the east and north of the plant site to tentatively extend the isopach map coverage northwards.

4. III. 2 Laboratory Analytical data

The particle size analyses provide the key to evaluating the textural character of the sand and its potential industrial applications.

SAMPLES SELECTED FOR STORAGE

In compliance with the Mines and Minerals Act, Alberta Regulation 66/93, Part 4 General, Item 23, UISL has selected cuttings from 2 drill holes and 1 channel sample, representing 3 full sections of Paddy Member silica sand, sampled during the 1997 - 1999 period.

The Paddy Member sandstone is very friable and the approximately 500 gm representative samples are split from the original materials, bagged and labeled. The samples submitted are from the following three sections:

Year	Location	Sample Sequence	Sample Type
1997	DH07	1 to 31 incl.	Drill Hole
1998	CH16	4 to 16 incl.	Channel (test pit)
1999	DH35	12 to 26 incl.	Drill Hole

The 1997 and 1998 samples represent 2 foot-long sections of the continuous sampled interval, whereas the 1999 samples represent 1 metre long sample sections.

The samples are to be delivered by UISL to the appropriate mineral exploration sample storage section of the Alberta Geological Survey, Edmonton, Alberta.

2. COST COMPONENTS OF ALL FIELDWORK

The following exploration cost claim is connected to geological exploration fieldwork and especially to the sampling phase of the Paddy Member sandstone and related services and activities.

Sampling of the Paddy Member silica sand included: channel sampling of natural outcrops, test pits and trenches, bulk samples and drill hole sampling by reverse circulation technology. The related services have primarily included: stripping of overburden, excavation of test pits and trenches, construction of access roads and trails, preparation of drill pads, use of a drill rig and ground survey of these exploration activities.

Not included in the exploration expenditures are costs related to laboratory analyses and studies.

A year-by-year summary of exploration costs for various categories covering the years 1996, 1997, 1998 and 1999 follows, and immediately below is an overview of those reported costs:

1996	\$88,260.00
1997	\$50,809.32
1998	\$77,533.36
1999	\$61,121.28

Grand total \$277,723.96

John D. Godfrey, P.Geol., PhD

Murray E. Robinson, CMA

OCTOBER 25, 1999

Z.C. = ZERO CLAIMED: N.A. = NOT APPLICABLE 2. COST COMPONENTS OF ALL FIELDWORK

UISL FIELDWORK PROGRAM FOR 1996	AMOUNT	DATE
Phase I Fieldwork		
1. I. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians	Z.C.	
1. I. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies	Z.C.	
1. I. 3 Local Services, contractors		
Eric's Trenching - Stripping costs	\$88,260.00	Nov. /96
Phase II Laboratory	N.A.	
1. II. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians		
1. II. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies		
1. II. 3 Local Services, contractors		
Phase III Data Compilation	N.A.	
1. III. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians		
1. III. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies		
1. III. 3 Local Services, contractors		

TOTAL COST OF 1996 FIELDWORK

\$88,260.00

ASSESSMENT REPORT ON SILICA SAND PERMIT 9393080		
October 25, 1999		DEFRCOSTASM9912.
Z.C. = ZERO CLAIMED: 2. COST COMPONENTS OF ALL FIELDWORK	N.A. = NOT APPLICA	BLE
UISL FIELDWORK PROGRAM FOR 1997	AMOUNT	DATE
Phase I Fieldwork		
2. I. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians John Godfrey, P.Geol. Consultant		Aug.21/97
2. I. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies	6705.00	
Sundry vendors - supplies Accent Aviation	\$706.32 \$2,743.55	Sept./97
2. I. 3 Local Services, contractors	to 200 00	0
Northpoint Land Surveying - Topographic map Northpoint Land Surveying - Locate test pits	\$9,922.00 \$850.00	Sept. 30/97 Dec. /97
Eric's Trenching - Track hoe & Crawler	\$10,071.00	Jan.6/97
Phase II Fieldwork		
2. II. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians		Cont 107
Ryan Wyngaarden, climbing specialist Achiever Energy - geological field work (Bodard)	\$1,200.00	Sept./97 Nov. /97
John Godfrey, P.Geol. Consultant	\$1,200.00	Sept./97
2. II. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies		
2. II. 3 Local Services, contractors		
Simmons Drilling - Drilling test holes	\$11,130.40	Sept. /97
Eric's Trenching - Dig Test Pits	\$8,455.00	Aug & Sept/97
Phase III Laboratory 2. III. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians	N.A.	
Z. III. 1 Personner - Stan, consultants, toomiolans		
2. III. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies	N.A.	
2. III. 3 Local Services, contractors	£4 500 00	Veerbu
Southside RV Storage - store samples	\$1,522.00	Yearly
Phase IV Data Compilation 2. IV. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians		
John Godfrey, P.Geol. Consultant		Sept./Oct./97
2. IV. 3 Local Services, contractors	N.A.	

UNITED INDUSTRIAL SERVICES LTD. SSESSMENT REPORT ON SILICA SAND PERMIT 9393080332 ctober 25, 1999	2	DEFRCOSTAS
Z.C. = ZERO CLAIMED:	N.A. = NOT APPLICA	BLE
2. COST COMPONENTS OF ALL FIELDWORK		
UISL FIELDWORK PROGRAM FOR 1998	AMOUNT	DATE
Phase I Fieldwork		
3. I. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians		
John Godfrey, P.Geol. Consultant		Jul-98
Stuart Fraser, P. Geol.		June& July/9
James Foufas		Jul-98
Matt Peter - Climber		Jul-98
3. I. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies		
Stuart Fraser, P. Geol Auto, Hotel, Meals		June & July/9
Stuart Fraser, P. Geol Auto, Hotel, Meals		Aug. & Sept/9
3. I. 3 Local Services, contractors		
Northpoint Land Surveying - Locate test pits	\$779.00	Jun-98
Eric's Trenching - Excavate samples, trails, drill pads	\$8,550.00	May-98
Simmons Drilling - Drilling test holes	\$18,248.69	Jul-98
Eric's Trenching - Dig Test Pits	\$1,578.00	Aug./98
Phase II Laboratory		
3. II. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians		
John Godfrey, P.Geol. Consultant		Aug./98
3. II. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies	N.A.	
3. II. 3 Local Services, contractors		
Southside RV Storage - store samples	\$1,428.00	Yearly
Phase III Data Compilation		
3. III. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians		
Stuart Fraser, P. Geol.		Aug. & Sept./9
John Godfrey, P.Geol. Consultant		July & Sept./9
3. III. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies		
3. III. 3 Local Services, contractors	N.A.	
TOTAL COST OF 1998 FIFL DWORK	\$77 533 36	

TOTAL COST OF 1998 FIELDWORK

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\$77,533.36

SSESSMENT REPORT ON SILICA SAND PERMIT 939308 October 25, 1999			
Z.C. = ZERO CLAIMED: N.A. = NOT APPLICABLE 2. COST COMPONENTS OF ALL FIELDWORK			
UISL FIELDWORK PROGRAM FOR 1999	AMOUNT	DATE	
Phase I Fieldwork			
4. I. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians			
Stuart Fraser, P. Geol.		Aug. & Sept./	
John Lewis - field assistant		Aug. & Sept./s	
John Godfrey, P.Geol. Consultant		Aug./99	
4. I. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies			
Travellers Motor Hotel - Stuart Fraser		Aug. & Sept./9	
John Godfrey, P. Geol Travel, Hotel, Meals		Aug. & Sept./9	
4. I. 3 Local Services, contractors			
Schmidt Drilling - Drilling holes	\$34,040.00	Sept. 3/99	
Eric's Trenching - Build pads for drilling, trails	\$7,051.00	Sept. 3/99	
Phase II Laboratory			
4. II. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians	·		
John Godfrey, P.Geol. Consultant		Sept./99	
4. II. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies	N.A.		
4. II. 3 Local Services, contractors	N.A.		
Phase III Data Compilation			
4. III. 1 Personnel - Staff, consultants, technicians			
Stuart Fraser, P. Geol.		Sept./99	
John Godfrey, P.Geol. Consultant		Sept./99	
4. III. 2 Transportation, room and board, sundry supplies	N.A.		
4. III. 3 Local Services, contractors	N.A.		

TOTAL COST OF 1999 FIELDWORK

P

\$61,121.28

DECLARATION OF PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS AND VERACITY OF STATED EXPLORATION EXPENSES

- I, JOHN DERRICK GODFREY, of the Municipality of Edmonton, Alberta, Canada do certify that:
- (1) I am a professional geologist, residing at: Edmonton, Alberta, Canada T5R 0G4.
- I am a graduate of the University of Nottingham (1950) into a Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) degree in the combined subjects of Geology and Physics; and a graduate of the University of Chicago with a Master of Science (M.S.) degree in Geology (1955) and a Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degree in Geology (1962).
- (3) I have practiced my profession continuously since graduation whilst being employed by such agencies as The University of Chicago, The University of Alberta, the Alberta Research Council, and the Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA). I have also undertaken numerous short-term projects as an independent consultant geologist during the past forty-nine (49) years, primarily through the office of J.D. Sons & Associates Management Ltd.
- (4) I am an active member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers, Geologists, and Geophysicists of Alberta, Edmonton.
- (5) This report summarizes both personal examinations during extensive visits to the property (1980; August and September, 1997; April and June 1998; February, April, June, and August 1999) and the reports of investigations by other professional geologists and engineers.
- (6) I am presently acting as geological advisor to the board of directors of United Industrial Services Ltd. As of November, 1998, I own 10,000 shares of United Industrial Services Ltd. ("UISL") and have options to purchase 300,000 shares of UISL. My spouse, Doreen Godfrey, owns 120,000 shares and 15,125 special warrants execisable into 7,562 common shares of UISL.

I am familiar with all aspects of the field operations, having planned, supervised and participated in each of them from August, 1997 onwards. Therefore, with the assistance of the accounting system in place at the head office of United Industrial Services Ltd., I am able to verify that the expeditures listed in this document represent a correct and accurate statement of the costs entailed in the various phases of the exploration operations to this date.

Dated at the City of Edmonton in the Province of Alberta this 5th day of November, 1999

(7)

John D. Godfrey, P.Geol., Ph.D.

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- Crockford, M.B.B., (1949): Geology of the Peace River glass sand deposit; Mimeographed Circular No. 7, Research Council of Alberta and University of Alberta, 20 pages.
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 Bertrand A.J. and W.N. Hamilton, (April, 1989): Geological evaluation of the Peace River silica sand deposit; Alberta Geological Survey, Alberta Research Council, prepared for Peace River Silica Sand Ltd., 94 pages and appendices.
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APPENDIX 1

Property map with geological sample sites, cross-section location Isopach map of Paddy Member sandstone




APPENDIX 2

1997 Bodard geology report on fieldwork

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Ultrasonic Industrial Sciences Ltd.

PEACE River Silica Sand Sampling Program

23-27 September 1997

Descriptive Notes & Observations

Ьу

JOHN M BODARD, PH.D. GEOL

30 September 1997

INTRODUCTION

Ultrasonic Industrial Sciences Ltd. (UIS) has undertaken a series of evaluation programs to determine the distribution and quality of silica sand 9 km north of Peace River, Alberta, on permit holdings of approximately 3,240 acres.

Work on part of the Peace River Permit area (Figure 1) during the five day period between 23 and 27/9/97 comprised:

- 7 rotary drillholes
- 2 cliff-face channel digs
- 1 trench excavation
- re-examination of all existing exposures

The purpose of this latest work was to confirm silica sand quality and reserves for mining and processing silica ore and natural sand proppant used in oil reservoir stimulation.

This note provides a detailed account of the writer's observations made while assisting with the sampling program.

GEOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK

The silica sand deposit at Peace River is part of the Paddy Member of the Peace River Formation, which is of Lower Cretaceous -Albian age. It is one of at least eight known silica sand deposits in western Canada.

Regionally the Peace River Fm consists, from the base up, of the Harmon, Cadotte, and Paddy Members. These units represent, in order, marine shale, lower shoreface sand, and coastal plain mixed clastics deposition. The Peace River Fm is overlain by the marine shales of the Shaftsbury Formation.

The Paddy Mbr is restricted to the northwest plains of Alberta (namely the region of the Peace River Arch), but it is laterally correlatable to the regionally extensive Viking Formation, which also is a major oil and gas reservoir in western Canada. The erosional surface forming the base of the Paddy Mbr has been variably downcut into the underlying Cadotte Mbr. This surface forms a major sequence boundary which separates depositional packages attributed to different sealevel events.

Paddy Mbr deposits represent the return of varied often sand-rich (high energy) coastal plain environments to the Peace River area. These eolian, fluvial, estuarine, shoreline and proximal shallow marine facies filled sub-aerial and sub-aqueous topographic lows before giving way to the widespread marine flooding event represented by the Shaftsbury Fm.

Within the UIS permit area, and for many kilometres beyond, well-indurated argillaceous siltstone and fine sandstone of the Cadotte Mbr form the prominent cliff banks of the Peace River itself. Sands of the more recessive Paddy Mbr locally cap the cliffforming succession above the eroded upper boundary of the Cadotte Mbr. Dark grey mudstones of the Shaftsbury Fm, bolder gravels of glacial origin and soils complete the succession above the Paddy sands.

While the Paddy Mbr varies regionally in character between siltstone and sandstone, and can be complexly interbedded, in the UIS permit area it is sand dominant, with the sands being monomictic quartz arenites that are highly mature in all aspects. This character is consistent with prolonged erosional reworking and long transportation from already mature, sources including the Cadotte Mbr., coupled with local enrichment through winnowing and cyclic processes (e.g. wind, tide). It is a corollary with the properties of high quality petroleum reservoirs and groundwater aquifers.

SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Samples of silica sand from the Paddy Mbr were collected as follows:

- borehole cuttings
- trenches & pits
- outcrop channelling

Sampling was designed to deliver reprepresentative bulk material of two foot intervals continuous throughout the zone of interest.

Boreholes were drilled with a dual barrel drill string. An air/water mist was "reverse circulated" through the outer annulus and returned via the inner annulus of the barrel. Due to the soft nature of the formations drilled, an open-centred auger-toothed bit was used interchangeably with a tricone rock bit. In some cases, air-only was circulated to deliver dry samples. Cuttings were circulated through a cyclone and caught by a large plastic bag or 5 gallon plastic bucket as they exited the cyclone.

Air/water drilled samples were retained in buckets and set aside to settle. After several hours the excess water was decanted and the contents bagged or sealed and labelled. Bagged dry cuttings were labelled and sealed, and all samples were sealed in plastic buckets. Samples were transported off-site for later visual inspection (see appended notes by K. Murdock) and laboratory tests.

Despite the shallow depths drilled (<150 ft) the drilling process may have had a significant impact on the nature of cuttings sampled. Air-only carried (dry) returns appeared to be dominantly very fine-grained, whereas a coarser fraction was evident with the air/water mist system. When air-only was used to circulate cuttings the drill string tended to become stuck. This was attributed to sloughing of the formation around the string, and may relate to inefficient "cleaning" of the hole (with the coarser fraction of the formation preferentially left behind). To a lesser extent the same problem was encountered with air/water mist suggesting that wet returns may also be somewhat fine grainsize biased. In addition, drilling proceeded in fixed steps to ensure samples represented two foot intervals of the formation. This start/stop cyclic agitation and settling action may have further size-segregated cuttings.

OBSERVATIONS

Observations reported here are made prior to laboratory reports on the material sampled. The writer conducted three channel excavations (CH10, CH12, CH13) and witnessed four drillholes (DH03, DH04, DH05, DH09). The Paddy Mbr ranges between light buff to tan in colour and variably exhibits a yellow brown to strong purplish hue. Individual grains are typically well-rounded and spherical, and often translucent such that they have a "smoky" grey appearance. Framework grain mineralogy is almost exclusively quartz, with trace opaques. In contrast, Cadotte Mbr sands are "salt and pepper" in appearance like most Cretaceous sands in western Canada.

In outcrop the Paddy sands are friable to moderately indurated, whereas freshly excavated subsurface samples are more competent. Bedding planes show no persistent dip direction, or dip, where representative measurements were made, indicating that the structure of the area is flat-lying. For the most part bioturbation is absent in the sands, which are typically massive to planar cross-bedded in its lower parts, and homogeneous to finely parallel bedded elsewhere. Carbonaceous stringers, interpreted to be buried remnant soil horizons (paleosols), are evident in outcrop. A carbonaceous siltstone unit in the upper third of the Paddy Mbr succession separates lower and upper sands in at least part of the UIS property.

Based on the above observations, the Paddy Mbr in the area studied can be divided into three sand units (Figure 2):

- 1) cross-bedded (basal) unit comprising the buff-coloured lower third of the Paddy Mbr.
- planar bedded unit comprising the buff- to purple coloured middle and upper part of the Paddy Mbr below the carbonaceous unit.
- homogeneous bedded (upper) unit comprising yellow to tan sands above the carbonaceous unit.

The above scheme is simplified and provisional, as time and the available data did not permit a detailed facies analysis and stratigraphic evaluation.

Cross-bedded (basal) Unit

The cross-bedded unit (Figure 3) is primarily evident in cliff-face outcrop along the western edge of the area studied, and contains the coarsest grainsize distribution of the Paddy Mbr. The unit exhibits planar cross-stratified sets and co-sets interbedded with homogenous sand sets. Cross-beds show up to 30° angles, and bioturbation was not observed. The base of the unit is marked by thin carbonaceous bands, and carbonaceous lenses and stringers occur sporadically throughout. The unit is interpreted to be angle of repose eolian dune sands with remnant paleosol horizons. Although the unit was best observed in outcrop at the western edge of the property, it may be more extensive below the regional parallel-bedded unit.

Parallel-bedded Unit

The parallel-bedded unit (Figure 4) overlies the cross-bedded unit above an abrupt but indistinct boundary (Figure 5), and is observed in trench excavations across the property. The unit is comprised of finely parallel bedded and laminated to homogeneous sands with occasional fine cross-lamination and bedding. Sands vary in colour between light buff to tan or purple (on fresh exposures).

The parallel-bedded unit is typically very fine- to medium- grained, and bioturbation was not observed except for one possible occurrence at the sample 5 level in outcrop channel 12. Thin carbonaceous bands and lenses are sometimes present. The unit also exhibits a white ?clay banded interval (Figure 6) and possible stratigraphic marker. Where the unit is capped by carbonaceous mudstone, soft sediment deformation features are present.

The parallel-bedded unit is interpreted to comprise interdune fill and sheet sands with preserved paleosols. The overlying carbonaceous unit has much intermixed sands, and is believed to represent local lacustrine conditions contaminated by eolian drift sands.

Homogeneous Bedded (upper) Unit

The homogenous upper unit is established above the carbonaceous mudstone unit in a trench excavation (CH13) at the south edge of the property (Figure 7). This unit is noticeably tan to yellowish brown in colour, whereas the other sand units are light buff with a sometimes strong purple hue. The unit may be present above the parallel bedded unit elsewhere on the property. For example, tan (and brown) sands were sampled above a dark carbonaceous zone in DH05 and DH06. In the latter drillhole, however, the lower parts of the silica sand package appeared highly condensed.

The homogeneous upper unit appears to be dominantly fine-grained with some coarser fractions. Its origin and relationship with the Paddy Mbr is not certain. Its silica sand quality requires verification (samples 1 to 3 CH13).

Silica Sand Thickness & Extent

Eolian sand bodies in coastal environments (as suggested here) have geometries tied to shoreline morphology, and thus can be of limited extent. They tend not to be preserved in the rock record due to their transitional nature.

In the UIS permit area the sands of the Paddy Mbr are up to 10 m (\approx 30 ft) thick, with significant lateral variation. Factors controlling thickness such as the topography of the depositional platform, deposition itself, and post depositional erosion., are involved. In DH05, for

example, a possible local high in the Cadotte surface may explain the apparent sharp reduction in Paddy sand thickness. However, outcrop at the south edge of the property (80 m west of CH13) shows that sand thickness is also locally controlled by the depositional surface, with mudstone filling an abrupt depression. This may explain the variation in depth to top of sand between adjacent pits a short distance north of the outcrop location. It may be an important determinant of mineable reserves.

ADDITIONAL REMARKS

UIS has demonstrated that the sands of the Paddy Mbr in their Peace River permit area are a suitable proppant media in reservoir stimulation (K Murdock, per comm. 1997). In fact, the sands are distinctive for their dominant silica mineralogy, and similarly mature grain roundness, sphericity, and sorting character. The UIS work has established that as much as 20 % (by weight) of the Paddy Mbr may be of 20/40 mesh grain-size, the most common sand proppant. Grainsize distributions and ultimate ore grades may vary according to the facies associations discussed above. The 20/40 mesh size corresponds to medium and coarse grainsize classifications (0.5-1.0 mm dia), which typifies the cross-bedded unit. Coarser 12/20 mesh sands, classified as very coarse sands (1-2 mm dia), also used in reservoir stimulation, may be limited to the cross-bedded unit. Similarly, proppant sand yields from the finer-grained parallel-bedded unit may be lower, but for other applications the purity of silica ore may be enriched. The colour distinction of the upper sand unit may suggest greater or different impurities.

Drilling programs (this and other work) were designed for sampling purposes, and did not produce reliable stratigraphic detail of the Paddy sands. Silica sand tops may be suspect, as wireline logs were not run and intact core was not taken. However, a drill break exists at the sequence boundary between the Paddy and Cadotte mbrs, with the latter being significantly more resistant. The Shaftsbury Fm is distinctive from the Paddy sands, but may be confused with argillaceous parts of the Paddy Mbr itself.

Facies variation in the sands of the Paddy Mbr may prove to be an influence on the properties of silica sand for mining and processing operations. This should be established through laboratory tests on the samples taken during the present program, and integration of these data with previous laboratory work. Should facies parameters be shown to be important, the preliminary scheme suggested above may be of some assistance in understanding and high-grading the silica sands of the Paddy Mbr in the UIS permit area.



Channel 10 - Photo spread of rock face showing alternating planar cross-bedded and homogeneous bedded (lower) section of Paddy Mbr silica sand. Note black carbonaceous paleosol at base of unit in bottom right coner of photo. Samples 1 to 4 (see channel sampling log) represent section shown.

Cross-bedded Unit

23 to 27 Sept '97 Program

Figure 3

JMB

30/9/97



Channel 10 - Photo of rock face showing alternating planar bedded to laminated and homogeneous bedded section of silica sand. Gravel scree caps the section. Note dark coloration below sample 14 at bottom of photo appears to be an "organic stain". Samples 14 to 16 (see channel sampling log) represent the section shown.

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Channel 13 - Photo shows CH13 from the top, looking southwest and down at the trench. The dark grey carbonaceous unit is positioned as marked, above the parallel bedded unit (lower sand), which has a distinctive purple hue. The upper unit overlies the carbonaceous unit and is a tan to reddish brown color. In the trench scree from the upper unit covers part of the carbonaceous unit, which shows recessive character above the underlying sands. Sand stringers and banding is abundant in the carbonaceous unit. It is not clear whether the carbonaceous unit is basal Shaftsbury Fm (with the "upper sand" being part of the basal package), or as suggested here, a unit within the Paddy Mbr. of the Peace River Fm.



PEACE RIVER SILICA PROJECT Ultrasonic Industrial Sciences Ltd.

CH13 Section

23 to 27 Sept '97 Program

Figure 7

JMB

30/9/97



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NOTES:

Rotary Drill Hole, spudded 24/9/97.

Reverse circulation Air/Water mist to TD







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Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
17-0403-01	FINER DULLAF BRND	BROWN / PARPLE	1003	ZIP	WAJ DET WATU/BAG
97-0403-02	27	12	2003	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	U / DRY AUR DRILL RUN DRY
97.0403-03	Misi	ency			
97-0403-04	¥	11	TOOP	. e	Dey
97-21103-07	. 11	LALASEL BROLD	2005	tı.	APEARS LIGHTER A FILIER THM PREMOS SMARE
17 - <i>D403-</i> 06	RUCA SMD.	OREK Black	4003	"	FIRST CATCON FROM
97-0403-06	4	Black	347	2 ZIP WK BA57	18. Tm - 19. Tm PRILL Read PRY
97-DH03-07	4	blirm	34	"	19.7-20.7m
97-0H03-08	11		24	1 11	20.5-21.5m 11
97-0403-09	4	11	347	2 "	21.5-22.5 m
97-0H03-10	"	"	4kg	2"	22.5-23.5 m
97-0403-11	5AND STOLE	LIGHT GREY	267.	2 11	23.5- 24.5 m TEXTURE LIKE POLA
97-0403-12	3. STONE	ONELT SREY TWO ALALA	4 kz.	3 "	24.5-25.5 M GREY DAG FINE TEVIL BLACK COARCER

 $P_1/_{13}$

,

REPARC 21" x 36" 4. Br 18" 2mg

Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
97-DN04-01	such show	BROUN	ITEZ	21456 4 m	APPEARS DET DRILLES
97-DNO4-02	SAND/ BLACK CLAY	Blown / Bereck	154	4	11
97-0но4-оз	BLACK CLAY	BLACK	Fly	4	WET ORILLED
97-0N04-04	DRRK BROWN IMD	Blow	15 kg	./	ARY ARILEP ?
97-11104-07	54.0	"	749	4	APPEARE LIG-TOFE THAN OHOA-04
97-OHA-06	FLUID)	11	142	BX 18" 2m	FLUID FRONT PAIL USFO TO WLLECT OHIA-06
97-0404-06	SAND/ 1. STOUE	hour Blend	7 12	21 × 36" 4mm	BLEND OF SAND & GROWND SAND TIDA
97-0404-07	SAN) STOLE	4.141+5 5REY	7kg	"	FINE POUDER NEV TURE
97-Лно4-08	3810	BROWN / LEET	70g.	47	SAND NEVTRE BUT COLOR JUS SENT BE DE SAND STORE
97-0404-09	OMAG	4	4	11	//
97-DND4-10	SANA ORNA DEDAK	SREY	"	"	NET DRILL PREPARA
97-0+04-11	JARC	BROWN /	"	4	SAND REVILLE MONTREIL BAG
97-0404-12	"	GREY	664	n a la alta	LOOKY LIKE SLIPPY MOTTRACE IN BAG
97-0404-13	"	L. 140+5- Blain	74	"	SAND REXTURE

2/13

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Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
97-0+104-14-	SANDI CLAY	BOUN / BLACK	Php	21436" 4mn	SAND CORNATIONS
97-0.104-15	4	BURGE	6kg	4	41
97-0404-16	DAND/ CLARY	BLACK	740	"	NUISTRE IN BAG SAND NEVTRE
97-04A-17	JANA) CLAY	"	4	4	•1
97-0HO4-1B	SAND TOUR	BLACK, GREY	6kg		FINE NEVICE MOISTRE in page
97-0404-19	SAND STONE	GREY	6 kg	"	11 BAS FRATED TO PA
97-0+104-20	יי אייר אייר	GREY/ BLACK	Flq	41	GREY STREAKED WIL BLACK. TEXTURE APPEARS TO BE POLL
G7-DH04-21	11 3 AnD	SREY	614	11	FINE TEXTRE
97-0404-22	DAND DTONE/ DAND?	4REY WIBROUN	6hg	4	CONRESS NEVILLE
97-0405-01	SAND/ CLAY	BETUNI	10 kg	41	MOISTRE/ UF ARILL SMA TEXTRE W/BL WET MILLED
97-0405-02	3AND/ CLAY	BROTEN/ BLALK	700	4	11 WET ORILED TEVTRE FINER THAN
97-0405-03	Mitter	9			
97-DHOT-04	54.T	BLACK	642	an an Anglina an Anglin Anglina ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a	TEVTINE LIKE MUD ND GLANNG UNGT DRILLED
97-13405-05	SAND/ UAY	Blany BLACK	684	11	BROWN W/ SOME CA

3/13

Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
97 DHDG-01	SALO STONE	3ACT/ BEPEC GREY/AUTOR	127	21 v 36 4 Amm	ORY ARSICED Finste THE TARE
î7-0#06-0Z	3. SPONE, SILILA MAD 8	SIP WITH RED BRORM	2.12.4	"	PRILEED DRY FINE VEY TIRE W/SCA WARCE -
17-0406-03	5. STONE E, SANO ?	CORRER AROLAN CRED)	4 63	11	DRY DRILLED FINE TEYTRE SOME GRANNT
77-0H06-04	.,	"	762	"	
97-0406-05	3AND SFORE SALD?	LILAT GREY/ Blain	7 kg.	"	PRI DRILLED FINE POUDER MO U APPROPRIATE GRANDS
97-0406-06		*/	11	4	11
97-D#06-07-	4	11	"	4	41 LOLOR LIGITOR THRE
97-0H06-08	SAND SICME	LIGHT GREY - MARE	6 ep	11	"I FINER VEXTRE
97- <i>0H06-0</i> 9	81	11	11	11	"
97-2406-10	340	COPARE BROUNY ARCK	11	"	CONST DRILLED ? CONRAC MEXARE -> GRANS
97-0H06-11	"		4	11	"
97-0406-12	"	1.	14		MOITRRE IN BAG
97-0406-13		IJ	4	y and a static parts y III	
97-0406-14	SALD, UNY	BROWN / BLOCK	722	11	SAND COLOR CHANGE BLACK MORE THAN COMPER

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Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
97-DHQ6-15	SANN)	DARK BROWN	6 kg	21436" Amin	WET ORICUED FINIE GRANNED TENTRE
17-0406-16	11	HE WANT TO ANRA MARCA	745	21	11
97-0406-17		LIGHT BROWN	Ghq	61	"
97-0407-01	51921D SVDNE	GREY SALT/ AFAR	24	5-961 ABL	FINE TEXTRE WET DRILLED NO INAVIONAL GRANT
97-DH07-0Z	11	11 HELLOW/ Black	u	"	11 SOME SILT CONSTRAINTE
97-0407-03	SAND	ODRIL BROWN WIPHORE	U	4	4. FULE SAND WET ORILLED LIGHT BROWN WINAMAS
97-DH0 3+ CA	"	11 COREL H20	11	u	WATER HAS COMPRICED
97-0407-05	11	"	11	11	11
97-0407-06	"	"	4	11	11
97-DH07-07	11	"	"	"	4
97-0HD7-08	11	DARK Barur Barur Barur H2D	"	4	SAND FINIE SCARED WATER HAY DARK BREWSV TO BLACK
97-DH07-09	//	Blain COLAR HZD	368	8×1811 2mm	FINE SAND COPER WATER STANS IN BAS
97.0407-10	"	LIGHT BEDUN COMPEL H2C	2hz	594/ Mic	SAND IT BOUNNO LIGHT PARKE W/ LOPAR CONTANT STON WET ORICLED

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UIS 1997 Sampling Program - September 22nd to 26th

Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
97-0407-11	DAND2/ DAND STONE	COPAEL LOLOR WISSON 2 PEPR	2 /25	5 941 Pare	WARE COLORED WARE/WET DRILLED DAT / DEAL JAND/ST METTERS FINIS DEVI
97-DH07-12	5.4RID	GREY	11	ut.	FINE TO LOADSTE SANC WET PRILLED, SLURRY GREY/BROWN LOLOR DECAY ODER
97-0407-13	11	the ini	The	21 × 36" Amm	LOMEST DEVERCE WET PRILLED LIENT BROWN SLIRRY
97- <i>0</i> H07-14	"	DAQL BOUNI WIPHCAL	2hz	5 94/ VorL	FINE TO COARSE TEXTLE, WET DRUG FUND DROWN LOUR
97-0107-15	"	11	5kg	21 v 36 " 4 mm	FINIE DO CORRE PERF. UNET DRILLED
97-0407-16	"	4	"	4	
97-01107-17	11	"	"	••	
97-0407-18	11	"	"	11	11 3 MID FINIA
97-0407-19	11	"	41	11	11 Look BELONING Mal
97-0407-20	11	11 Hol CARL Blos	342	5 44/ 182	11 H2O CHOL BROWN
97-0407-21	"	"	"		••
97-DH07-22	11	11	11	"	3 AND HAD LIGHTER LOLDRING AND iT DLIGHTET COREER
97-10407-23	11	"	11		" smors vielt conce
97-0407-24	"	4	11	"	" SAND IS SLIGHTLY FINEL CHOL BOUN LOLOR MOR

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Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
97-01107-25	5 AND ? 3 AND 3 VOLE	RACK BEOUX WIARAE	34	535/ IAL	V.FINIE TENTIRE Cotol BROWN WICK PO SLURRY, WET PRULEO
97-DH07-26	3400 ? SAND? STONE	54	11	"	U DUME SALT/DEAR COLORING
97- <i>0</i> 407-27	<i>i</i> 1	LIGHT Bland TOGREY	61	ч	4 17
97-DH07-28	SALD STONE	4	11	"	II NO JENO GRADUJ
97- <i>01107-29</i>	"	DARK GREY	11	11	11
97- <i>01107-30</i>	"	*	"	11	" LOTS OF SLURLY
97-DH07-31	"	"	"	"	11
97-DHDH-DL	JAND	BROWN W/ GREEN	1 kg	8×18" 2mm	FINE TO COARTE VEYTA
97-Dir06-0 0	COAL?	REACK	2 hg	"	SLURRY - LARGE ORGANE PORTUES WET DRIVED
97-AHD8-D8	SAVD	BROWN J/BLACK	4kg	21×36" 4mm	COALSE GRANED TRID WET DRILLED, CONTRAL WITH COAL?
97- D HDG-09	"	11	342	5541 PML	CORRAC LEAL CONTINUATOR
C17-DH08-10	ן אינדער איז	11	11	e a Margan adar	PINE
97-0108-11	11 SAND STOVE?	"	2/24	21×36" Amm	FINE TENTITE WET ADILLED LARE CONTAMINATION

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UIS 1997 Sampling Program - September 22nd to 26th

Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
77-0408-12	5.82D STONE	SALT/ AGAZ WALAL	10 /2	5 72/ Anc	SATINGAR COLORED FINE SRAND SIG BLACK THING CONTAINS
97- <i>PH</i> 08-13	C ANAL	BLRC	3賀	4	COARTE ORSMAL ANDTILLES WET DRILLED
97-121108-14	JAND IFONE JAND?	CHOC Blain	11	3/	FINE TENTRE - SOME CRYMMA - MALENE - SMA? ORG LONAN
17-D110B-15	5800	MILK CHOL Blain	24	"	FINE DEVILRE 400 LIGHT BROW ORG? LUTTUMFERT THURRY
17-DH08-16	44	er.	4	"	.,
AP-DH08-17	"	"	"	"	**
97-12M08-18	"	4	*	"	LOAR JER TEYTRE
97- <i>0406-19</i>			"	4 *	41 11
97- <i>DH08-20</i>	"			"	~
97-DH08-ZI	"	11	14		"
97-DH08-ZZ	11	"	15hg		FINE FURE
97-DH08-23	"	DISCHER Blann/	3 hg	"	COARTE TEVTRE CAR BROWN CONNINGE
97- <i>DHDB-2</i> 4	11	58F1	6/12	2000 - 200 B	FINE TENTRE HOWE THE THRE GREAT
97-0480-25	11	"	"	"	11

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Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
97-01108-26	5810	4 <i>8</i> E.7	6.67	5941 DAL	FINE MENTALE JAND WET ARILLED W/GREY BLURRY
AT- DH0B- ZT	3AND WOLE	AREX BREY	"		H.FINE POUDER
97-ДНОВ-28	"	11	"	41	4. FINE TEXTLAR DACT/PEARER COLORMA
17-0408-29	11	<i>ct</i>	11	"	. 11
97-0408-30	11	4	4	11	"
-97-DNB-31	11	"	1/	"	
97-0409-01	5-8415	Rain	17 kg	11	FINE TEXTILE WET DRUMP LHA BRAIN THINGLOW SURFACE OF ABOL
97- <i>D1109-0</i> 2	"	11	etz		LIGHT Alain Theret
97-0409-0 3	"	11	14	.1	LOARGE TEXTRE
97 DH09-09	"	12	"	1.	
97-DH09-05		"	812		11 CHOC BROWN SUDGE
	11	4	11	a an an an Arean an A Arean an Arean	n an
97 OH09-06		WIRLASE			11

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Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
97-D#09-0B	59110	Baren	4 42	\$7581 PATIL	COARTE TEXTURE WET DRILLED CADL BROWN TURNE GUTUPSTRE CE DATL
97-1409-09	A1199.	ng			
97-0407-10	5700	••	20kz	"	FINE ZALOO (' 11
97-0407-11	SAND / SANDIARE	GlEY	12/2	11	FINE TO VENTE TEXT SOUTH CHRYSTATAS STOT/AFARL COUR UNET PRILLED
97-01109-12	SAND STOLE	11	11	<i>tı</i>	LOTS OF FIRE SLUDE ON SURFREE 11
97-0409-13	H	"	"	"	
97- <i>DH09-1</i> 4	" "hmo?	BRK SREY	4	"	Same cetaran u concre reaction hors of sundate DALK GLET GLACK
97- <i>DH09-15</i>		"	"	11	1.
97-DHD9-16	SBND NOVE	"	"	"	CRANCE ARE FARE. MORE SALS / AFREL 1.
97-20109-17	"	BLACK / LREY	"	11	Some deganes
97-DH07-18	"	GREY	862	"	LOTT OF SLUCSFE LIGHTFR GREY FINE TEXT JEDIMENS
97-DHD9-19	mappin	5			
G7-D109-20	"	11	Åhg	an a	NO SLADGE IN ATIL -> PORTO OUT - SACT / DEPISE FINE TENTUR
97-DH09-21	11	4	6hg	11	LOTO OF SLIDGE

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UIS 1997 Sampling Program - September 22nd to 26th

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Sample Identification	Material	Color	Size	Container	Comments
97-0410-00	3And	WHATE Barnes	343	8 × 18 41 2 mm	SOME BLACK ARRALISS VARY LORSE
97-6410-01	4	11		4	FINE DEVILLER STR
97-cr110-02	Cr.		242	21	٤1
97-6410-03	11	11	315	41	27
97-6410-04	4	LIGNT	8 kz	" *2	11
97-2410-05	11	Lugar Blam	¢ 2	" X2	11
97-6410-06	11 - 14	11	6 kg	" X2	11
97-6410-07	41	11	522	11	11
97-6410-08	*	**	842	11 X2	11
97-6410-09	"	"	"	11 XZ	11
97-6410-10	4	11	"	11 X2	4
97-6410-11	"	Black Black iREY		" X2	11
97-CHID-12	17	ARK GREY	922	<i>x</i> 3	ter Maassan war alle U
97CH10-13	11	DACK BEDUNI 1.857	1 8k	", x Z	11
970+10-14	11	11	11	", *2	11/13
970+10-15	11	DARK	42	4 x 2	4

FINE SAND

21436 4 DARK 10hz 97-CH12-01 3AN) Blain 4 mm 41 11 11 97-CH12-02 11 LIGATER 9hz 11 41 11 97-CHIZ-03 Bean ACONI &×18″ 11 11 97-cm12-04 742 GREY Zna r2 L.4.15 11 97-CH12-05 11 4 11 Beau XZ LIGHT 11 97-0112-06 " 41 Blown - GREY BAZ XZ FINE/LONGE LIGHT 1 4 97-CH12-07 " 3 mo Blour XZ 17 21 × 36 11 11 97-CA12-08 11 10kz Amm LISIY) GRE Y 8×18" 11 Elz 1/ 97-CH12-09 Zmm X2

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- 97-CH13-	01 3910	LIS MT	9kg	214 36" 4 mm	FINE TEXTRED DAND
97-6-113-0	02 ''	11	4	L 1	
97-CH13-0	o3 "	Blain	Le	Le	./
97-CH13-	A 11	DARK AR BRAIN BRAIN	NE.	11	-1
97-Сніз-С	05 "	DAUE	17	41	17
97-0413-0	<i>76 "</i>	11	6hz	//	
97-CH13-C	p7 "	ARRE. Wistman	7hg	21	41
97-СН13-	08 "	PURPLE	11	1/	11
97-CH13-0	09 "	DAR PIRAE	11	11	11
97-CH13-	10 "	W/CDAMER_	4	11	"
97-CH13-	11 4	11	1/	4	17
97-CH13	-12 "	LIGHT PARKE	67	11	Some PEACED OF LARGE
97-CH13-	13 "	11	11	11	1) 11

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APPENDIX 3

1998 Geological log of channel and drill-hole sample sections

Peace River sample locations

Peace River Project drill hole and channel sample survey data

September 1998						
Sample type	Map ref.	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Descriptions	Sample #'s
JG/KM-97-CH01	97-CH01	9303.99	8508.62	359.16		
KM-97-B02	97-B02	9406	8527			
JG/JB-97-DH03	97-DH03	9369.03	8645.39	365.29	log by Bodard (1997 report)	samples 01-12
JG/JB-97-DH04	97-DH04	9590.83	8610.32	352.21	log by Bodard (1997 report)	samples 01-22
JG-97-DH05	97-DH05	9734.38	8694.83	355.99	log by Bodard (1997 report)	samples 01-04
JG-97-DH06	97-DH06	10024.183	8838.31	370.39	sections from Godfrey (1997 report)	samples 01-19
JG-97-DH07	97-DH07	10154.92	8910.26	376.08	sections from Godfrey (1997 report)	hole too short
JG-97-DH08	97-DH08	9511.42	8692.58	366.37	sections from Godfrey (1997 report)	samples 01-29
JG/JB-97-DH09	97-DH09	9445.80	8785.64	391.49	log by J. Bodard (1997 report)	samples 01-16
JG/JB-97-CH10	97-CH10	9334.86	8496.54	359.11	log by J. Bodard (1997 report)	samples 01-16
JG/SF-98-CH11A	98-CH11A	9370.07	8498.36	358.2904	picket at top of ridge (survey control)	
					17' of glacial gravels; 10.8' Paddy with coal	
					16' of clean Paddy Mbr	JG/SF-98-CH -01-08
					4' of Cadotte mixed zone	09, 10
JG/JB-97-CH12	97-CH12	9412.72	8509.61	356.80	Shaftesbury shale outcropping in area;	JG-97-CH- 01-09
					log by J. Bodard (1997 report)	
JG/JB-97-CH13	97-CH13	9203.6	8636.9	358.0	test pit	
JG/SF-98-CHTP14	98-CHTP14	9465.51	8523.46	349.05	Test pit 3	
					0-6.4' glacial gravel overburden	
					6.4-6.6' white, fn gr. ss	
					6.6-8.5' coal seam	
					8.5-10.8' grey to greyish brown ss with coal lenses	SF-98-CH14-01
					10.8-13.1' grey to greyish br Paddy Mbr with dk br ss	02
					with diss coal 12.6-13.1'	
					13.1-14.5' clean Paddy Mbr, typical buff brown, med	98-CH14-03
					to cs grained.	
JG/SF-98-CHTP15	98-CHTP15	9654	8561	348.5	0-4.2' overburden consisting of glacial gravels.	98-CH15-01
					4.2-5.2' fine grained, white Paddy Mbr ss.	
					5.2-7.5' coal seam	
					7.5-13.0' Dk br, med to cs. gr. Paddy mbr ss. with	
					probable diss. coal.	
					13.0-14.1' coal seam	

Peace River sample locations

Sample type JG/SF-98-CHTP15 cont'd	Map Ref.	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Descriptions 14.1-21.4' Paddy mbr with shale lenses from 14.9-15.1' and 18.5-19.1' 21.4-25.4' Cadotte ss; did not observe mixed zone. 25.4' base of pit.	Sample #'s
JG/SF-98-CHTP16	98-CHTP16	9510.9	8573.5	347.65	Test pit 6 5.5' glacial gravel overburden 0 measured at top of bedrock 0-2.5' med-cs gr ss with 0.3' thick coal seam at 0.5' 2.5-4.9' coal seam 4.9-6.0' dk reddish br ss	
					 6.0-8.0' lighter brown, fine grained Paddy Mbr ss 8.0-10' becomes more pale br. in color 10-25' Paddy Mbr cont'd and locally with planar cross- bedding present 16.6-24.4' 2cm clay rich section at 16.4' 10 cm clay mottled zone with 1-2mm flecks of coal 25.0-30.5 mixed zone with 0.1-0.3' thick shale lenses 	JG/SF-98-CH 16-04 98-CH 16-05 06-12
					30.5-32' mainly Cadotte ss with a 2.5-3.0 cm thick shale lens at 31.0'.	98-CH16-16
JG/SF-98-CHTP-17	98-CHTP-17	9529.75	8515.40	344.14	Test pit 4 0-2.9' overburden; 1.3' topsoil, 1.6' glacial gravel. 2.9-5.9' Paddy mbr ss with crossbeds varying from 14 degress SW to 25 deg. NW. section includes a 3-4 mm thick discontinous lens of coal from 4.95-5.0'.	JG/SF-98-CH17-01
					5.9-12.1' mixed zone within Cadotte ss contains variably med to cs grained silica lenses and lesser shale lenses.	98-CH17-02-05
SF/KM-98-B18 SF/JF-98-CH19	98-B18 98-CH19	9507.58 9485.91	8580.81 8498.41	347.65 344.91	excavated from test pit 6 picket at top of channel sample; 0-2.2' overburden consisting of 1.2' topsoil and 1.0' of glacial gravel . 2.2-3.9' med to cs gr. Paddy Mbr ss. 3.9-10.2' mixed zone within Cadotte ss; shale lenses	JG/S F-98- CH19-01 98-CH19-02-04

Peace River sample locations

Sample type	Map Ref.	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Descriptions at 5.0' and 5.8'.	Sample #'s
					10.2' and below Cadotte ss.	
JG/SF-98-CH20	98-CH20	9559.89	8506.78	343.29	picket at top of channel sample	no samples
					7.7 ¹ /2.3m glacial gravel and topsoil	
					overlying Cadotte ss.	
JG/SF-98-CH21	98-CH21	9635.21	8504.62	340.78	picket at top of channel sample	no samples
					12' of glacial gravels overlying Cadotte ss	
JG/SF-98-DH22*	98-DH22	9623.77	8561.8	349.78	0-6' glacial gravels	
					6-10' intercalated Paddy Mbr ss and coal	JG/SF-98-DH22-04,05
					10-14' fine grained Paddy Mbr	06,07
					14-20' med to cs grained Paddu Mbr ss	08-10
					20-22' fine to med grained Paddy Mbr with	11
					thin coal lens from 21.8-22'	
					22-26' fine to med grained Paddy Mbr.	12, 13
					26-28' med to cs grained Paddy Mbr	14
					28-34' mixed zone within Cadotte	15 - 17
					34-38' Cadotte ss	98-DH22-18
					38' EOH	
JG/SF-98-DH23	98-DH23	9605.67	8704.06	365.98	0-14' predominantly clay, silt	
					14-44' glacial sand	
					44-80.4' Paddy Mbr ss.	
					46-54' no material collected, no return circulation	
					54-56.0' brownish black to bk, Paddy Mbr. with coal	JG/SF-98-DH23-01
The location 56.4 feet wa	-				56.4-58.4 br to br-bk, fn gr Paddy Mbr.	02
was attached to the drilli					58.4-60.4 med br, fn gr Paddy Mbr with coal 60.0-60.4'	03
rods were imperial, geograph was measured in meters and measurements					60.4-62.4' med gr Paddy Mbr; 61.5-62.4 coal rich	04
were required in feet. Al		-	-		62.4-64.4' predominantly coal to ~64.7'	05
a two foot chauk measur	ement directly onto	rods by the drill	ler.		64.4-66.4' Paddy Mbr becomes more cs grained;	06
					reddish brown in color	
					66.4-68.4' minor coal lenses within Paddy Mbr.	07
					68.4-70.4' black liquid appears to contain coal;	08
					possible contamination	
					70.4-72.4 fluid still dark brownish-black	09
					72.4-74.4' med brown solution, med to cs grained	10
					74.4-76.4' light br solution, clean Paddy Mbr.	98-DH23-11
Peace River sample locations

Sample type	Map Ref.	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Descriptions	Sample #'s
JG/SF-98-DH23 cont'd	•				76.4-78.4' med to cs grained Paddy Mbr with minor shale lenses.	98-DH2312
					78.4-80.4' poor yield; clay rich section and locally cs gr	13
					80.4-82.4' shale lenses intercalated with Paddy Mbr	14
					darker solution suggests presence of Cadotte ss	
					82.4-92.4' Cadotte ss	98-DH23-15-17
					92' EOH	
JG/SF-98-DH24	98-DH24	9553.70	8709.08	367.62	0-46' glacial sand deposits	
					38-46' limonite stained	
					46-48' grey fn gr Paddy Mbr	JG/SF-98-DH24-01
					48-52' med gr ss	02, 03
					52-54' typical buff color associated with Paddy Mbr.	04
					54-56' Paddy Mbr with intercalated coal lenses	05
					56-58' coal seam to 59.3' 58-60' minor coal lenses to 59.3'	06 07
						08 - 19
					60.3-84' clean paddy Mbr. ss 84-86' mixed zone, med to cs gr silica sections	20
					86-98' Cadotte ss.	98-DH24-21 , 22
					last sample to be sieved 88-90' 98' EOH	70-D 1124-21, 22
JG/SF-98-DH25	98-DH25	9550.95	8631.75	361.37	hole aborted short of Paddy Mbr; 0-14' sand	no samples
JU/3F-98-DH25	90-D1125	7550.75	0051.75	501.57	14-42' glacial gravels	collected
	98-DH26	9555.64	8546.01	352.46	0-11' glacial gravels	concerca
	<i>JU DII20</i>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	02 10.01	552.10	11 - 12' sand limonite stained	
					12-13' fine grained white sand	
					13-16' coal seam	
					16-18' intermixed Paddy and coal lenses	JG/SF-98-DH26-09
					18-18.3' coal seam; 18-20' fine grained Paddy ss	10
					18.3-36' clean Paddy member ss	
					20-22' fine to med grained Paddy Mbr	11
					22-26' fine grained Paddy Mbr	12, 13
					26-30' med to cs grained Paddy Mbr	14, 15
					30.6-32' dark br Paddy Mbr with clay lenses	16
					32-33.4' white, med to cs grained Paddy Mbr ss	98-DH26-17
					33.4-34' fine grained Paddy ss intercalated with shale	

Peace River sample locations

Sample type JG/SF-98-DH26 cont'd	Map Ref.	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Descriptions 34-36' med to cs grained Paddy Mbr 36-39' mixed zone within Cadotte ss 39-40' Cadotte ss 40' EOH	Sample #'s JG/SF-98-DH26-18 19 98-DH26-20
	98-DH27	94 8 9.6	8614.3	361.54	0-34' glacial gravels 34-70' Paddy Mbr ss including coal from 35-38'	JG/SF-98-DH27-02-19
JG/SF-98-DH28	98-DH28	9469.50	8 67 5.68	365.83	70-78' Cadotte ss 78' EOH Overburden to 41' 0-2' clay and topsoil 2-18' med grained sand 18-20' sand, silt (Lacustrine sediment)	98-DH27-20-23
					20-38' glacial sand 38-40' fine grained sand 40-41' Shaftesbury shale 41-50' predominantly coal; 41' start of Paddy Mbr	lst sample 42-44' JG/SF-98-DH28-01-04
					50-52' fine grained dark ss 56-58' dk br ss intermixed with coal 58-60' med gr. Paddy Mbr; 58' start of clean ss. 60-68' fn-med grained 68-76' med-cs gr ss 76-80' mixed zone	98-DH28-05 98-DH28-06-08 98-DH28-09 98-DH28-10-13 98-DH28-14-17 98-DH28-18,19
JG/SF-98-DH29	98-DH29	9412.91	8656.40	365.44	80-88' Cadotte ss 0-39" overburden 0-22' mainly clay, lesser sand component 22-24' Glacial gravel, lesser sand. 24-36' fine grained sand 36-39' Shaftesbury shale	98-DH28-20-22 98-DH28-20-22
					 39-46' coal (7' thickness) increasing thickness to east (?) 46-70.6' Paddy Mbr ss 70.6-75.0' mixed zone Predominantly Cadotte with some med to cs grained 	lst sample 40-42' JG/SF-98-DH29-01-03 98-DH29-04-16 98-DH29-17, 18

Peace River sample locations								
Sample type	Map Ref.	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Descriptions silica sections, with minor shale lenses at 72.2 and 74.6' 75-90' Cadotte ss.	Sample #'s JG/SF-98-DH29-19-23		
JG/SF-98-DH30	98-DH30	9 429.5	8596.5	361.69	90' EOH 0-8' mainly silt, clay 8-20' mainly sand 20-30' glacial gravel 30-35' sand, lesser gravel			
					34-36 35' start of Paddy Mbr ss	JG/SF-98-DH30-01		
					36-38' 37-38' coal seam	02		
•					38-43' mainly coal; drilling wet here and as a result exact positions of coal are unclear.	03, 04,05		
					43-61' clean Paddy Mbr	06-13		
					61-67' mixed zone with med to cs grained silica			
					sections within Cadotte ss	14-16		
					67-74' Cadotte ss 74' EOH	98-DH30-17-20		
JG/SF-98-DH31	98-DH31	9442.1	8530.8	352.59	4-6' 0-4.4' glacial gravels;			
					4.4 - 28.3' Paddy Mbr ss	JG/SF-98-DH31-01		
					5-7' coal seam	02		
					7.0-11.0' intermixed Paddy and coal lenses	03		
					11.0-15.0' coal seam	04		
JG/SF-98-DH31 cont'd					15-28.3' clean Paddy Mbr. ss	07-12		
					28.3-28.4 shale lens	13		
					28.4-34.0' mixed zone with med to cs grained silica sections within Cadotte ss.	98-DH31-14, 15		
					34-42' Cadotte ss; 42' EOH	JG/SF-98-DH31-16-19		
JG/SF-98-DH32	98-DH32	9391.9	8546.8	353.52	0-5.7' glacial gravels			
					5.7-10.4' Shaftesbury shale			
					10.4-32' Paddy Member ss [1st sample 10-12']	JG/SF-98-DH32-01-10		
					32-36' mixed zone (Cadotte ss)	12-13		
					36-38' Cadotte ss	98-DH32-14		
					38' EOH			

Peace River sample locations

Sample type JG/SF-98-DH33	Map Ref. 98-DH33	Northing 9380.28	Easting 8606.29	Elevation 362.46	Descriptions 0-18' silt, fine grained sand 18-20' sand 20-22' glacial gravels 22-26' fine grained sand and gravel	Sample #'s
					26.0-26.8' fine grained sand (start of Paddy Mbr) 26.8-28' coal	JG/SF-98-DH33-01
					28.0-30.3' fine grained sand	02
					30.3-34.0' coal	03,04
					34.0-38.0' dark brown Paddy Mbr possibly with coal	05,06
					38-60' clean Paddy Mbr.	07 to 17
					60-64' mixed zone; med to cs gr silica sections in	18, 19
					Cadotte ss.	
					64-78' Cadotte ss 78' EOH	98-DH33-20-26

Northpoint surve	ey data -spot survey le	ocations			
SS	East of TP-6	9505.60	8588.60	351.54	glacial gravel in contact with Shaftesbury shale
SF-1	Test pit 6	9512.56	8580.65	34 8.3 3	possible erosional interface and contact with coal seam at north face of B18 /Tp-6 pit
SF-2	Test pit 6	9507.5 8	8580.81	347.65	contact of glacial gravel and Shaftesbury shale
SF-3	Test pit 6	9507.69	8566.31	350.77	western most position of glacial gravel/Shaftesbury shale contact
SF-4	Test pit 6	9495.41	8575.83	351.41	southern edge of Shaftesbury shale and contact with glacial gravels
SF-5	Test pit 2	9 405. 77	8528.13	351.91	glacial gravel and Shaftesbury shale contact
SF-6	Test pit 2	9406.70	8519.43	351. 8 3	southwest edge of pit; glacial gravel and Shaftesbury shale contact
SF-7	Test pit 2	9412.92	8519.21	351.08	northwestern edge of pit and contacts as above
SF-8	Test pit 2	9414.24	8528.48	351.29	northeastern edge of test pit and contacts as above
SF-9	Test pit 1	9351.25	8521.60	353.16	southeast edge of pit, contact between glacial gravels and Shaftesbury shale
SF-10	Test pit 1	9350.24	8512.91	353.23	southwest edge of pit, contact as above
SF-11	Test pit 1	9362.44	8510.44	353.31	northwest edge of pit, contact between glacial gravels and Shaftesbury shale
SF-12	Test pit 1	9365.66	8516.00	352.97	northeast edge of pit, contact as above

... the sint annual data spot survey locations

APPENDIX 4

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1998 Godfrey geology summary memorandum on fieldwork

MEMORANDUM #121A

AUGUST 16, 1998

<u>Subject:</u> General Geology of the UIS Paddy Member Sandstone, Peace River Silica Sand Deposit, Alberta; a Current Synthesis, East Side Permit Area

Fieldwork during the UIS 1997 season and confirmed during the 1998 season shows that the Paddy Member sandstone in the area south of the plant site can generally be subdivided into three distinct zones. These three zones are not always present in a given geological section. Definition of each of these three zones, their spatial continuity and total lateral extents will have practical benefits for the open-pit mine planning and a direct impact and significant implications for the economics of the silica sand operation:

Upper Mixed Coal Zone Middle "Clean" Silica Sand Zone Lower Mixed Zone

Upper Mixed Coal Zone: characterized by a concentration of coal seams which are interbedded with silica sands. Test Pit-6, site of both bulk sample SF-98-B18 and channel sample JG/SF-98-CHTP16 shows three coal seams exposed over a horizontal distance of about 200 feet, ranging in thickness from top to bottom of 14, 7 and 31 inches, as measured at the easterly point "B", see Figure 1.

This Upper Coal Zone is very extensive, having been encountered in virtually all UIS development drill holes throughout the area south of the UIS plant site.

The Upper Coal Zone is notably absent in two restricted areas south of the UIS plant site:

1. Towards the extreme south end of the area explored by drilling at 97-DH03 and 98-DH32, i.e. approaching the geologically anomalous region of unusually thick sections of Shaftesbury Formation shale (and associated with thinning of the Paddy Member) identified thus far to extend from TH-72 westwards to TP-1 and crop out in the east bank as shown in cross section G - G'. The absence of the Upper Coal Zone in 97-DH03 and 98-DH32, general thinning of the Paddy Member and the adjacent unusual thickness of the overlying Shaftesbury Formation to the south are probably geologically linked. Perhaps these features are related to a tidal-surge channel eroded into the top of the Paddy Member sandstone, resulting in removal of the upper portion of the Paddy section and

development of a trough or embayment for deposition of Shaftesbury Formation shales in the course of subsequent subsidence.

2. In the extreme western section of the area of open-pit excavation glacial erosion has removed the bedrock cover and some or all of the Paddy Member silica sand, thereby terminating continuity of the Upper Coal Zone to the west. Coal seams are generally not observed within the Paddy Member exposed along the Peace River east bank cliffs, except at 98-CH11A, as a consequence of this glacial erosion. Here, glacial deposits rest directly on either the Middle Clean Silica Sand Zone, the Lower Mixed Zone or on the underlying Cadotte Member sandstone.

South of the UIS plant site the lower part of the Paddy Member silica sand section tends to be of medium - coarse grain size, the middle section is coarsest and the upper zone is of medium to finer grain size. This grain size distribution suggests deltaic build out into open water during the lower and middle zone periods, followed by quieter coastal waters sheltered behind the deltaic sedimentation front farther out to sea. Establishment of a substantial vegetation cover on the emerging low-lying coast is evidenced by the presence of several coal seams in the Upper Coal Zone. Trapping of a coarser pebbly sand lag sediment in the roots of this vegetation is evident in the <u>bimodal</u> character (two particle size maxima) of the Paddy Member sand with the coarse mean in the plus 12 mesh range (see 97-DH05-1 and 97-DH08-13).

Local erosion can develop channels in shallow water or partly exposed sands, creating an uneven relief for the vegetational cover. Test Pit-6 at the east end shows the upper coal seam to occupy a channel cutting across about 1 foot of the underlying silica sand bed. This channel slopes eastward.

<u>Paleosol</u> (ancient, buried soil profile) formation can be expected in a sediment surface occasionally exposed to the atmosphere and as a seat to coal seams. Thick concentrations of limonite at several drill hole locations within the Upper Coal Zone are interpreted as such. Paleosol development has been noted at the top of the Upper Coal Zone, e.g. 97-DH07, 98-DH24, 98-DH26, and within the Upper Coal Zone e.g. at 97-DH08.

Rare, silica-cemented nodules of silica sand have been noted within the Upper Coal Zone. These tabular-shaped nodules measure up to 1 metre long by 0.25 metres thick, lie flat in the bedding of the silica sand and have a smoothly rounded, somewhat knobby exterior surface. They should not represent a problem in the course of open-pit stripping.

Information on the area north of the UIS plant site is largely based on the only reliable fieldwork by Hardy/BBT/ARC reported by Hamilton, July, 1989. This information consists of four widely spaced drill holes extending for 1.5 miles north of the UIS plant site. These four drill holes show a continuous coal seam at the base of the Paddy Member silica sand, a geological situation largely absent at the south end of the property. There is no indication of the Upper Coal Zone extending north of the UIS plant site based on 1989 exploration work.

Middle Clean Silica Sand Zone: This zone of the Paddy Member is characterized by variably <u>planar</u> (parallel, straight sided) to cross-bedded sands, typically of medium to coarse grain size, rare thin silty clay layers, little or no coal seams, and uncommon light iron oxide stains deposited by groundwater. Microscope study shows these rich, mature quartz sands to have a locked grain texture resulting from pressure solution at grain-to-grain contact points. A consequence of this locked grain texture is that natural exposures and artificial slopes in the Paddy Member Silica Sand are able to stand at steep angles (in excess of 45°) for a considerable time, i.e. many years.

Although these Paddy Member silica sand deposits are of Late Lower Cretaceous age (about 100 million years old) they have remained largely free of cementation and are friable, crumbling to the touch of the hand. The quartz grains are typically of multicycle origin (two cycles are clearly evident), and show rounded first cycle overgrowths. Rarely, the <u>euhedral</u> (well-shaped hexagonal) form of the second cycle overgrowth is preserved despite the subsequent partial rounding.

Heavy minerals and trace minerals (including magnetic minerals) are of minor concentration, probably representing a cumulative total of less than 1% by weight.

The coarse-grained quartz sand particles in this part of the section are typically well rounded and form the prime target for the production of frac sand.

Lower Mixed Zone: Although of common occurrence, this zone is not always present in the geological sections either channel sampled or drilled sampled and we still need to

determine the pattern of its distribution, its geometry and its significance in the overall picture of the Paddy Member.

The Lower Mixed Zone is well displayed over a thickness of 6.2 feet in Test Pit-4 (situated between the Middle Clean Silica Sands and Cadotte Member Sandstone) where medium- to coarse-grained, clean silica sands are interbedded with typical fine-grained Cadotte sandstone or silty clay layers. Channel sample 98-CHTP17 was taken from Test Pit-4. The layers of the Mixed Zone are generally from 4 to 6 inches thick, but they are seen to have a generally lenticular shape over the width of the test pit. Subaqueous dune bedding and wave forms with amplitudes of 3 to 4 inches and wave lengths of 12 inches or more are seen in one coarse-grained silica sand layer overlain by 1 inch of silty clay. The paleocurrent direction was from the northwest.

The Lower Mixed Zone is apparently absent in 97-CH01, where fieldwork involving detailed systematic channel sampling started in 1997. Here, clean Paddy silica sand rests directly and conformably on the fine grained, "salt and pepper" textured Cadotte Sandstone. However, elsewhere the Lower Mixed Zone is commonly encountered in most of the sections sampled within the development area south of the UIS plant site.

Geological Interpretation: The key to interpretation and modeling of this silica sand deposit is understanding the environment of deposition which should then guide the exploration and development of the deposit with an increased degree of confidence.

The Cadotte Member, a fine-grained, characteristically "salt and pepper" soft Cretaceous sandstone that is typically planar bedded and is interpreted to be a shallow, open-water deposit of marine origin. At this time in the geological history of the region there is no depositional evidence of a nearby source of continental <u>clastic</u> (solid particles) sediment.

The influx of a contrasting continental sediment from a nearby source into this marine environment heralds a change and a new phase in the pattern of sedimentation, perhaps a delta is building out and encroaching into the open sea. This is the beginning of deposition of the Paddy Member silica sands in the region.

Depending on the precise site within the area affected by deposition of deltaic sediment and also in particular the position of the site relative to the longshore drift current (i.e. whether the site is up-current or down-current from the delta deposits) the Paddy sands may either

intermix with the longshore drift sediment (i.e. up-current from delta) or be protected from mixing with them on the lee side (i.e. down-current).

Hence, the geological section at 97-CH01, where clean Paddy Silica Sands rest directly on the Cadotte Sandstone, appears to have been a site protected from mixing with the open water Cadotte sediment. However, in much of the rest of the southern portion of the UIS deposit the Paddy silica sands were in an environment that mixed with the later fine-grained sands of the Cadotte Member. The latter sequence of mixed sediments consisting of two, interbedded, diverse sources of sediment, has been called the Lower Mixed Zone.

Gradually, with continued sedimentation, the deltaic source of sediment became dominant and the Cadotte marine sediment diminished, and hence the <u>Middle Clean Silica Sand</u> <u>Zone</u> sediment was deposited, represented by the coarser grain size of the nearby continental clastic source. The well-rounded, quartz-rich quality of this clastic sediment indicates a mature sand that was probably exposed to vigorous wave action, was possibly a locally reworked sediment, and extensive current bedding sedimentary structures show the strong influence of fluvial or offshore current activity.

Uncommon thin layers of silty clay within the Middle Clean Silica Sand suggests temporary, quiet water conditions. Perhaps the site was in a lagoonal environment protected by a shifting offshore sandbar.

Advance and shift of a sandbar farther offshore could have left a more sheltered, lowerenergy coastal environment behind, allowing deposition of finer-grained sand in quiet waters. Infilling of a lagoon with fine-grained sediment, closer proximity to the coastline, and exposure to the atmosphere provides the opportunity for establishment of mangrove swamp type vegetation, perhaps a weathered soil profile, both of which show up later in the geological section as coal seams and limonite-rich zones.

Repeated oscillation of the sea water levels could generate several cycles of alternating vegetation growth and sandy sediments, with the production of the three prominent coal seams present in the <u>Upper Mixed Coal Zone</u> of the Paddy Member.

Buildup of wind-blown onshore tidal waters and their return to the sea develops erosional channels referred to as tidal-surge channels. These downslope surges can erode channels

through the sandy deposits, including sandbars, to create the lateral discontinuities now seen in the Paddy Member.

A return to deeper water marine conditions followed the Paddy Member time and clay shales of the Shaftesbury Formation became the dominant sediment type.

Rocky Mountain uplift towards the end of the Cretaceous Period and extending into the Tertiary Period caused withdrawal of the shallow Cretaceous seas and created continental conditions which have lasted until the present time.

Pleistocene Glaciation

Cooling during the Pleistocene Period (last 2 million years) brought conditions that led to widespread glaciation in many parts of the polar latitudes, including North America, where the Peace River region was overrun by the Laurentide continental ice sheet. Extensive erosion by both the ice, its subsequent meltwaters and runoff from the Rocky Mountains has developed many of the major erosional features of the present landscape including the valley occupied by the Peace River. Most importantly for this project, glacial erosion has been responsible for the removal of part of the Paddy Member Silica Sands deposit. A glacial valley, now filled by glacial sediment, cuts into and in part through, the Paddy Member Silica Sands immediately east of the river east bank in the vicinity of 98-CH20, 98-CH19 and TP-4.

Precise delineation of the position and geometry of this glacial valley and its effect on the Paddy Member within the permit area is important from the point-of-view of silica sands reserve estimates (in situ and recoverable) and the open-pit mine planning.

A natural extension of the above discussion would be a series of isopach and other geological maps of the development area which are currently in preparation to document and illustrate many of the features described above.

John D. Godfrey

August 16, 1998

APPENDIX 5

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1999 Geological log of channel and drill-hole sample sections

1999 Peace ver Geologs

Geologs from 1999 Peace River R. C. drill project September 10/99

Hole #	map ref.	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Description	Sample #'s
JG/SF-99-DH34	99-DH34	9328.02	8619.97	364.83	0-18m Shaftesbury Fm shale 18-22.5 Paddy Member sandstone 22.5-24.0 Cadotte sandstone 24m EOH	JG/SF-99-DH 34-18/23
JG/SF-99-DH35	99-DH35	9246.16	8663.68	366.50	0-6.0m Shaftesbury Fm shale 2.6-2.7m sand inlier 4.9-5.0m light brown (oxidized) clay rich section 6.0-9.8m micaceous sand (glacial ?) 9.8-11.2m Shaftesbury shale 11.2-25.25m Paddy Member sandstone 11.25-11.75 coal interbedded with ss 11.75-17.0m dk br Paddy Mbr ss 17-24.2m clean Paddy Mbr ss 24.2-25.25m Lower Mix Zone 25.25-27m Cadotte sandstone 27m EOH	JG/SF-99-DH35-11/26
JG/SF-99-DH36	99-DH36	9206.52	8684.78	362.39	 0-16m Shaftesbury Fm shale (contains slide debris) 13m gravel noted in sample 16.0-21.8m Paddy Member sandstone 16.0-16.6m coal 19.4-20.0m resembles Lower Mix Zone 20.0-20.8m clean Paddy Mbr 20.8-21.0m Shaftesbury shale slide material 21.8-23.0m Cadotte sandstone 23.0m EOH 	JG/SF-99-DH36-16/23
JG/SF-99-DH37	99-DH37	9303.70	8551.19	360.63	0-8.7m Glacial drift 0-2.0m glacial-lacustrine silt 2.0-3.0m glacial sand	

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•					1999 Peace River Geologs	-
					3.0-8.7m sand and gravel 8.7-12.0m Shaftesbury Fm shale (seen as dark grey, clay rich chips) 12.0-16.3m Paddy Member ss 16.3-16.8m Cadotte sandstone 16.8m EOH	JG/SF-99-DH37-12/16
JG/SF-99-DH38	99-DH38	9743.14	8807.19	376.37	 0-18.7m Shaftesbury Fm shale 4.0-9.0m oxidized, brown in color 9.0-10.0m no return, no sample 10.0-10.5m wet clay, assumed perched water table 11.0m dry clay continuing to 18.7m 18.7-34.0m Paddy Member sandstone 18.7-20.5m grey brown to greenish brown sand 20.5-23.3m clean Paddy mbr.with 1.1m inlier of silty section 22.0-23.1m 29.2-32m coal 34.0-35.0 Cadotte sandstone 35.0m EOH Peizometer installed at 6.0m depth where hole sloughed; height of peizometer, measured 0.7m above hole collar 	JG/SF-99-DH 38-20/34
G/SF-99-DH39	99-DH39	9809.65	8810.74	375.67	 0-18.6m Shaftesbury Fm. shale 18.6-34.0 Paddy Member sandstone 26.5-27.3 in part oxidized, yellowish-brown in color 29.2-32.6 coal 32.6-34.0m Lower Mix zone 34.0-35.0m Cadotte (just where contact lies is unclear as drilling went wet from 33.5-35.0m. 35.0m EOH 	JG/SF-99-DH39-20/34
G/SF-99-DH40	99-DH40	9885.77	8821.96	371.62	0-13.3m Shaftesbury Fm shale (moist to 5.0m) 13.3-29.1m Paddy Member sandstone 23.9-25.4m coal 25.4-27.0m brown to pinkish brown med-cs gr sandstone 27.0-29.1 cs gr, oxidized 29.1-32.0m Cadotte sandstone	JG/SF-99-DH40-14/32

•					1999 Peace er Geologs	
					32.0m EOH.	
JG/SF -99- DH41 99	D-DH41	9953.61	8830.70	367.98	0-9.0m Shaftesbury Fm shale (moist to 5.0m) 9.0-25.0m Paddy Member sandstone 18.9-20.0m coal	JG/SF-99-DH41-10/25
					20-24.0m brown to pinkish brown, med-cs grained 25.0-26.0m Cadotte sandstone 26.0m EOH	JG/SF-99-DH41-26
JG/SF-99-DH42 99	9-DH42	9959.93	8774.86	358.72	 0-10.0m Shaftesbury Fm shale (moist to 5.0m) oxidized section, light brown in color, 5.6-5.7m 10.0-16.2 Glacial Drift 10.0-14.0m light to med brown silt, probable glacial drift 14.0-15.5m sand and gravel (glacial drift) Problems penetrating sand and gravel, case to 16.5m 16.2-18.0m Paddy Member (?) 16.2-16.6m coal 16.6-17.6 Paddy member (?) 	JG/SF-99-DH42-17
					17.6-17.75 coal 17.75-18.0m Lower Mix Zone 18.0-19.0m Cadotte sandstone 19.0m EOH	JG/SF-99-DH42-17 -18 -19
JG/SF-99-DH43 9	99-DH43	98 19.38	8755.36	365.02	0-9.5m Shaftesbury Fm shale 9.5-11.3 Glacial drift 9.5-11.0 sand and gravel 11.0-11.3 glacial sand 11.3-24.0m Paddy Member sandstone 19.5-21.0m coal 24.0-25.0m Cadotte sandstone	JG/SF-99-DH43-12/25
JG/SF-99-DH44	99- DH 44	9756.21	8749.97	369.27	25.0m EOH 0-5.2m Shaftesbury Fm shale 5.2-13.7m Glacial drift 5.2-7.5m glacial sand 7.5-8.5m sand and gravel 8.5-13.7m glacial sand	

					 13.7-28.0m Paddy Member sandstone 13.5-14.0m moist sand in hole 23.6-23.7 coal 25.9-26.0 coal 28.0-28.1m Cadotte sanstone. 28.1m EOH; stopped hole due to tightening of rods in Cadotte sandstone. 	JG/SF-99-DH44-14/28
G/SF-99-DH45 99	9-DH45	9814.83	8703.10	362.83	0-8.5m Shaftesbury Fm shale 0-5.5m moist clay 5.5-8.5m generally dry clay 8.5-17.3m Glacial drift 8.5-9.0m sand 9.0-13.1m gravel 13.1-13.9m predominantly glacial sand with lesser gravel 13.9-17.3m sand and gravel; significant moisture at 17.0m 17.3m EOH; abandon hole in gravel.	no samples taken
G/SF-99-DH46 99	9-DH46	10026.59	8789.29	361.13	0-13.0m Shaftesbury Fm shale 13.0-17.0m Glacial sand/silt 17.0-19.1m Paddy Member sandstone; med br, med-cs gr. 19.1-20.0m Cadotte sandstone 20.0m EOH	JG/SF-99-DH46-18/20
G/SF-99-DH47 99	9-DH47	9883.63	8896.76	391.46	 0-34.1m Shaftesbury Fm shale 11.0m driller noted water here 23.1m minor sand lens 28.0m very moist clay 34.1-51.0m Paddy Member sandstone 43.1 minor coal 46.9-48.7m coal 50-51.0 Lower Mix Zone 51.0-52.0m Cadotte sandstone 52.0m EOH Peizometer installed to 170 ft depth, 17 lengths 2" PVC pit Height measured above drill hole collar 1.3m. 	JG/SF-99-DH47-3 <i>5</i> /52 ipe

					1999 Peace River Geologs	
JG/SF-99-DH48 99- 1	DH48 9	9670.06	8736.65	367.98	0-8.2m Glacial sand 8.2-11.0m Shaftesbury Fm shale 11.0-27.1m Paddy Member sandstone 19.8-22.1 coal 26.0-27.1m Lower Mix Zone 27.1-28.9m Cadotte sandstone 28.9m EOH	JG/SF-99-DH48-12/28.9
JG/SF-99-DH49 99- 1	DH49 9	9681.16	8805.21	382.94	 0-24.8 Shaftesbury Fm shale 0.5-2.0m very moist with abundant clay balls 5.0-5.2m fine grained silt (possible glacial contmination) 8.0-11.0m slightly moist 18.0-19.0m very moist 24.8-42.0m Paddy Member sandstone 34.2-36.0m coal 36.0-38.0m dk br Paddy Mbr. 41-42.0m Lower Mix Zone 42.0-43.0m Cadotte sandstone 43.0m EOH Peizometer installed to 130 feet, 13 lengths of 10' 2'' PVC pipe. Top of peizometer 0.3m above drill hole collar. 	JG/SF-99-DH49-26/42
JG/SF-99-DH50 99- J	DH50 9	9742.97	8798.23	3 7 5. 99	0-10.5m Shaftesbury Fm shale 10.5m EOH hole sloughed in at 3m, unable to install peizometer	
JG/SF-99-DH51 99-1	DH51 9	9745.90	8812.00	376.22	0-4.0m Shaftesbury Fm shale 4.0m EOH; hole dry after 24 hours.	
Additional survey poir	nts					
Slide SF50 Slide SF51			8627.58 8620.55	364.29 355.37	northern point of block slide, west of drill hole 99-DH35 southern point of block slide	

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APPENDIX 6

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1999 Fraser geology report on fieldwork (extract)

Report on 1999 reverse circulation drill program at the Peace River silica sand deposit, Peace River, Alberta

> Owner: United Industrial Services Limited, #280-295 Midpark Way, S. E. Calgary, Alberta T2X 2A8

Submitted by: Stuart C. Fraser, P. Geol. Stuart C. Fraser Geological 10705-139 Street, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada T5M 1P6

October 4, 1999.

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- Plate 1Photograph taken from west side of Peace River, outlines area of drill
holes east of plant site. Open pit is shown at south end of photo.
- Plate 2Photograph taken from west side of Peace River shows 2 of 4 drill hole
locations drilled southeast of open pit which is also outlined in white. Photograph
also shows Paddy member sandstone overlying Cadotte sandstone in cliff face.
- Plate 3Photograph shows the Schmidt Drilling reverse circulation drill setup on
hole 99-DH36. Foreground illustrates slumped block. Jeep is used for scale.
- Plate 4 View from south of test pits 9 and 10 illustrates contact relationships and probable erosional channel.

APPENDIXES

- Appendix A 1999 geological drill logs
- Appendix B Sieve analyses from J. R. Paine & Associates, Peace River
- Appendix C 1st page of Cruden et al, (1990) paper on "Landslides along the Peace River"

Appendix D Suppliers for sampling equipment for drill project

Summary

In August of 1999 a 10 day reverse circulation drilling program was carried out on the Peace River silica sand deposit. The objective of the program was to substantiate silica sand reserves and clarify geological concerns. The geological concerns were based on possible east/west trending tidal channels which were thought to have incised portions of the Paddy member sandstone, host rock to silica sand.

Drill results clearly indicate that the Paddy member sandstone is generally very consistent, with erosion principally due to Quaternary glacial scouring which is itself often overlain by local slumping and/or landslide effects from Lower Cretaceous aged Shaftesbury Formation shale. Drilling indicates that coal beds appear to be dipping north through the Paddy member which has potential thicknesses of silica sand up to 14 meters. As expected the area drilled southeast of the open pit revealed silica sand up to12 meters in thickness with minimal coal contaminants. This area is highly recommended for additional drilling and development.

Drilling also located water within perched water tables within Shaftesbury Formation shale. Three piezometers were installed to measure water within the local stratigraphy.

Introduction

In August of 1999 a reverse circulation drilling program was carried out over a period of 10 days at the Peace River silica sand deposit, Peace River Alberta. This drill project, the third exploration drilling program carried out by United Industrial Services, Calgary, was intended to outline reserve potential and update geology within the deposit. Two areas were tested. These included; 1) an area directly east of the producing, pilot plant site (**Plate 1**) and an area southeast of the current open pit operations (**Plate 2**).

A reverse circulation drill was used for the project, ably provided by Schmidt Drilling of Ponoka, Alberta. After initial mechanical problems, a total of 16 drill holes were drilled to test the lower Cretaceous Paddy member sandstone and in addition two short holes were drilled for piezometer installation.

All samples were collected at one meter intervals and silica sand samples were analyzed at J. R. Paine and Associates Limited in Peace River.

Location and property

The Peace River silica sand deposit lies approximately 7 km downstream from the town of Peace River, along the east side of the Peace River within northwestern Alberta, approximately 500 km from the city of Edmonton (**Figure 1**). Gravel roads provide access to the property from Highway 2 and secondary paved road 688. **Figure 2** illustrates the United Industrial Services Limited (UISL) permit and excavation area (MSL 941817).

Previous Fieldwork

Several drill programs have been carried out on the Peace River silica sand deposit (Godfrey, 1997). An early drill program (1979-1980) consisting of 99 test holes was carried out without regard to geology and consequently holes reported by Lichtenbelt, (1982) are considered by the author to be of dubious value. Later Hamilton, (1989) of the Alberta Geological Survey reported results from 5 holes drilled on the east side of the Peace River within the silica sand deposit. Hamilton (1989) reported Upper Cretaceous Shaftesbury Formation shale overlying a sand and gravel section (in drill hole E89-04) and assumed the latter to be a lag deposit of Cretaceous age.

Prior to the 1999 drill program, two additional exploration drill programs were run by United Industrial Services in 1997 (Godfrey, 1997; Bodard, 1997) and 1998. The author was involved in the 1998 drill program, logging drill chips, drill hole and channel sample collection and microscopic assessment of silica sand.

Local Geology and stratigraphy



Plate 1 Photograph taken of the Peace River silica sand plant site, located just east of the Peace River and ~ 7 km downstream from the town of Peace River, Alberta. Cliffs in foreground expose the Paddy member silica sand. Drilling in 1999, concentrated to the east of the plant site is illustrated above.



Plate 2 Photograph of southern part of United Industrial Services open pit, silica sand operation and two of four drill holes drilled southeast of the open pit. In foreground is exposure of the Paddy member silica sand overlying Cadotte sandstone.





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Geologically the area along the Peace River hosting the silica sand deposit consists of Lower to Upper Cretaceous sedimentary rocks and three formations of significance. These include the Upper Cretaceous Dunvegan Formation which include interbedded sandstones and shales. Crockford (1949) reports that these shales cap the higher parts of the adjacent hills. The Shaftesbury and Peace River Formations which have been noted in drilling as well as outcrop are stratigraphically listed in Table 1 below. Crockford (1949) reports that this formation is approximately 180 meters thick and consists of dark gray marine shale. This formation is well known for its capacity for slumping (Cruden et al, 1990). Recent slumping of Shaftesbury shale at the Peace River silica sand site is seen in **Plate 3**. Crockford (1949) notes that bright yellow, ocherous material (possible bentonite layers ?) is usually present in the shale.

The Peace River Formation consists of three members two of which are sandstone, followed by a marine shale, the Harmon member. Crockford (1949) reports a total thickness of 91 meters, with the Paddy member having up to 30 meters thickness. Along the Peace River, the Paddy member consists essentially of an unconsolidated sandstone which is exposed in steep cliffs, overlying Cadotte sandstone (**Plate 2**). The Cadotte member is seen as a micaceous sandstone with a distinctive salt and pepper texture and due to its competent nature, forms prominent cliffs along both sides of the Peace River.

At the Peace River silica sand deposit along the east side of the Peace River, the Paddy member sandstone unconformably overlies Cadotte sandstone. The base of the Paddy member (referred to as the Lower Mixed Zone of 2-3meters thickness) consists of black argillaceous silty layers varying from 3-10cm in thickness and with local micaceous partings. Overlying the Lower Mixed Zone is a fine to medium grained unconsolidated sandstone varying from 5-10 meters thickness. The thickness of the Paddy member has been affected by glacial scouring, with resultant sand and sand and gravel infil. In the vicinity of the open pit, sub-bituminous coal is exposed at the top of the Paddy member. In 1998 drill logs, the coal bearing section at the top of the Paddy member was referred to as an Upper Mixed Zone.

Field mapping in 1998 also revealed the presence of Shaftesbury Formation shale along the east side of the open pit.

1999 Fieldwork

Initial fieldwork in early August consisted of surveying suitable drill site areas and cat work to provide base for sites. A total of 16 drill holes were targeted to intersect the Paddy member sandstone during August of 1999. **Figure 3** outlines drill sections in plan view east of the plant site at 1:2000 scale. **Figure 4** illustrates in plan view drill hole locations and references sections southeast of the open pit workings at 1:1000 scale.

In addition to outlining reserves, two drill holes (99-DH50 and 51) were drilled for piezometer installation. These holes are located adjacent to drill hole 99-DH38 which is shown in Section PP'.



Plate 3 Schmidt Drilling reverse circulation drill set up over drill hole 99-DH36. In foreground is slumped block within Shaftesbury Formation shale. Table 1 Lower Cretaceous stratigraphy for the Peace River area



(After Leckie, 1988)

Geotechnical drilling and piezometer installation

Due to the presence of water detected within several drill holes (notably 99-DH38) east of the plant site, three piezometers were installed. The intention was to place three piezometers to the base of the Paddy member sandstone to monitor water there and in addition to place two shallow piezometers to a depth of 6-10 meters to monitor probable perched water tables within the Shaftesbury Formation shale. Geological drill logs in Appendix A note moisture detected during drilling.

Two piezometers were installed to the base of the Paddy member within drill holes 99-DH47 and 49. Two shallow holes drilled adjacent drill hole 99-DH38, holes 99-DH50 and 51 were drilled to depths of 10.5m and 4.0m respectively. An attempt was made to install a piezometer in hole 99-DH50, but the hole sloughed and PVC pipes would not penetrate 3.0m depth. Hole 99-DH38 also sloughed, but a piezometer was placed at a depth of 6.0m and water was noted here.

Sample preparation and analyses

Sieve analyses are reported in appendix B, but no microscopic study of silica sand samples was attempted during or after the fieldwork. Sieve analyses have been prepared by J. R. Paine and Associates in Peace River. During sieve analyses, certain samples indicate significant moisture loss in drying. These samples reflect presence of coal and loss during drying (pers. comm., Trent McLaughlin).



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Drill Results

A total of 16 drill holes were completed in August of 1999. Only one hole (99-DH45) failed to reach the targeted depth, due to an unusual thickness of sand and gravel and consequently was abandoned at a depth of 17.3m in sand and gravel, short of its target. Two holes (99-DH34 and 99-DH42) were drilled using casing, where overburden caused tightening of rods during drilling

Geological logs for 1999 drill holes are listed in Appendix A. Sections MM', NN', OO', PP', KK' and LL' illustrate drill hole geology in the area east of the plant site. Sections FF', II' and JJ' illustrate drill hole geology south and southeast of the open pit. In addition north-south longitudinal sections QQ' and RR' show the generally consistent contact relationship with Paddy and Cadotte sandstone members. Also noteworthy within the longitudinal section RR' is the fact that the coal seam/bed is pervasive within Paddy member sandstone and that the coal (bed/or beds) appears to be found in that unit from its base to its contact with the overlying Shaftesbury Formation shale.

Drilling south of the open pit was intended to help define possible erosional channels believed to occur within Paddy member sandstone in the vicinity of Test pits 1 and 2. Drill hole 99-DH37 helped in interpreting the erosional channel, which is consistent with mapping carried out by the author in October of 1998. Drill sections FF' and JJ' as well as **Plate 4** further characterize the nature of the erosional channel. Shaftesbury Formation shale appears to have been deposited in a north to northwesterly direction, probably as erosional fill to a paleostream which incised Paddy member sandstone in Upper Albian time.

Southeast of the open pit, drill hole 99-DH35 intersected a 12.4 meter thick sequence of silica sand with a thin seam of coal noted stratigraphically above. This result is consistent with geological units mapped in Test pit 9, and indicates a significant resource potential, with little coal as a contaminant.

Conclusions

Longitudinal sections RR' and QQ' best illustrate the stratigraphic relationships between Quaternary glacial deposition, Shaftesbury Formation shale and the Peace River Formation Paddy and Cadotte member sandstones. Whereas Hamilton (1989) interpreted sand and gravel as a lag deposit within Shaftesbury shale in drill hole E89-04, the sand and gravel are probably Quaternary glacial drift. Similar stratigraphy was noted in drill hole 99-DH42. South of E89-04 glacial deposition thickens as seen in drill hole 99-DH45. Consequently the presence of the overlying Shaftesbury shale in drill hole E89-04 indicates that landslide activity at this site was active in the past, and will continue to be active. Recent slumping activity has already been noted between test pits 9 and 10 in the southern portion of the excavation permit.



Plate 4 View from south of testpits 9 and 10 looking north. Contact of Shaftesbury Fm shale and Cadotte sandstone is seen on the left side of the photo(west). To the east Cadotte sandstone outcrops west of test pit 9 in the valley floor where illustrated. Based on the contact relationships an erosional channel is outlined above. Based on outcrop present in Test pit 10, an easterly dip of ~60° is interpreted for the erosional contact along the west side of the erosional channel. This dip is consistent with abrupt infilling of Shaftesbury shale in Test pits 1 and 2, further north.
The presence of coal noted in the 1999 drill holes (as illustrated in the longitudinal sections RR' and QQ') indicates that coal is pervasive through the Paddy member and that it also appears to dip north through the sequence. The Lower Mixed Zone exposed over 1 to 1.5 meters in the open pit, is generally visible and continues to show coarse grained silica sand as well as argillaceous sections. The relatively thin Paddy member section seen in E89-04 and in 99-DH42 reflects glacial erosion and is not a function of a surge channel. Drill cross sections NN', OO', and PP' confirm this.

The thickness of Shaftesbury shale noted in drill hole 99-DH34 is somewhat problematic, but consistent with drill hole 97-DH03. The buildup of Shaftesbury shale is probably related to earlier slumping.

Recommendations

Based on significant thicknesses of silica sand intersected in the 1999 drilling program, additional drilling is warranted south of the 1999 drill holes. Figure 5 (in pocket) as well as the longitudinal section RR' illustrate proposed drill holes to expand silica sand reserves and geological control. The impressive thickness of Paddy member sandstone intersected in drill hole 99-DH35 suggests that further exploration in the very southern section of the property (Figure 2) and expansion of the MSL boundary south, is warranted. In the light of the northerly dip in the coal bed/beds, it may be useful to test Paddy member sandstone further south and east, where it may be less problematic.

Variance in topographic contours from surveyed positions of drill hole collars (specifically noted in drill hole 99-DH47) suggests that contour elevations may be locally inaccurate. A GPS and base station unit could be rented to check this, but generally topographic profiles appear consistent with surveyed results.

Drill hole cross sections have been included in this report. It would be useful to display on cross sections individual sieve analyses for each meter interval with sum to 40 or appropriate sieve fraction. Such data may help in determining trends toward coarser grained, silica sand.

To the best knowledge of the author, 1999 completed drill holes are open and should be backfilled. In addition drill hole 97-DH06 is also open and possibly 97-DH07 as well. These holes should also be backfilled. As the 1999 drill holes are still open (?), installation of additional piezometers is warranted as well as possible slope monitors to check water conditions as well as ground movement. A slope monitor placed in drill hole 99-DH35 (+12 meter Paddy member thickness below coal) may be particularly important to monitor ground conditions in this potentially rich area, which is overlain by Shaftesbury shale.

Drill and related Costs

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Schmidt Drilling completion of 18 drill holes, overall costs	36,423
Eric's trenching, (Peace River) 41.5 cat hours @\$130/hr	5,395
local laborer, 92 hours @\$18.00/hr	1,656
Geological consultant 19.5 days @\$300/day; 20.5 days @250 (w/ GST)	11,743
expenses (includes sample bags, misc. supplies, as well as mileage	2,178
charges)	
accommodation and meals (Travelers Motel, Peace River)	est.\$1200
J. R. Paine & Associates sieve analyses 200 samples @\$75/sample	15,000
piezometer equipment and supplies (Rice Environmental technologies,	<u>1,968</u>
Edmonton)	
Total cost	\$75,562

Stuart C. Fraser Geological

Statement of Qualification and Consent

I, Stuart Campbell Fraser of Edmonton, Alberta, Canada, T5M 1P6, phone for the phone fax 403-488-6076 do hereby certify that:

I am a registered professional geologist with the Association of Professional Engineers, Geologists and Geophysicists of Alberta, member number M47638.

I am a graduate of Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia with a B.Sc. in geology, 1973, and a M. Sc. in geology from University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, January of 1996.

I have been practicing my profession as a geologist since 1973, excluding the period taken to complete a Master's Program at the University of Alberta. I am a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.

I am the author of the Peace River silica sand report, having supervised field activities as well as constructing geological sections for this project. This report is based on personal observations at Peace River during May through October, 1998 and more recently during the reverse circulation drill program August 24th through September 2nd.

I am an independent consulting geologist and have no direct or indirect interest in any of the Peace River permit areas nor in United Industrial Services Limited, nor do I expect to receive any.

Dated at Edmonton, this 4th day of October, 1999.

Stuart C. Fraser

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Pocket A

Figure 5 planview of drill holes 1:2000 scale

section FF' Section II' Section JJ'









Pocket B

Sections KK',LL',MM',NN',OO',PP'















Pocket C

Longitudinal Sections HH',QQ',RR'





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United Industrial Services Peace River Silica Sand Project October 1, 1999 S. Fraser, P. Geol.



GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

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CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-3 #6



REMARKS: UNWASHED

REVIEWED BY:

P.Eng

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO.:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-3 #7



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 05, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-3 #8



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 05, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-3 #9



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
0304-30661
Feb 04, 1998
E89-03-09



REMARKS: WASHED & SIEVED IN 2 PARTS

REVIEWED BY:

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 05, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-03-10



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-03-11



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-03-11



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-03-13



REVIEWED BY:

P.Eng

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-03-13



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 06, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-03-14



REVIEWED BY:

REMARKS: UNWASHED, ENTIRE SAMPLE USED.

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-3 #15



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-3 #16



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 01, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-2-01



REMARKS: UNWASHED

REVIEWED BY:

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO.:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 04, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-2 #2



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 06, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-02-03



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 01, 1998

E89-2-04

MOISTURE CONTENT: #12 #40 #20 #200 #100 #80 #50 #70 Bulk: N/A **p**100 N/A Top: E **R 90** С PERCENT SIEVE TOTAL MASS (g): E 80 RETAINED SIZE 367.7 Sieve: Ν #12 0.1 т ₇₀ # 20 0.1 Bulk: N/A # 40 3.3 # 70 36.8 N/A Top: P # 100 33.5 A 60 # 200 17.2 8.9 S PAN SIEVE PERCENT S 50 SIZES PASSING 40 I 35 PERCENT RETAINED n_{40} 30 G 100 25 в ³⁰ 20 99.9 #12 15 Y #20 99.7 10 20 5 #40 96.4 Μ 0 A 10 # 50 # 20 # 12 83.1 # 100 # 70 # 40 SIEVE SIZE PAN # 200 S #70 59.6 S 0 .7mm 75 µm [50μm] 180µm 212µm 300µm 425 µm 850µm' #80 45.3 # 100 26.1 SIEVE SIZE # 200 8.9

REMARKS: UNWASHED

SAMPLE NO .:

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 09, 1998

SAMPLE NO.: E89-02-05



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661

TEST DATE: Feb 09, 1998

SAMPLE NO.: E89-02-06



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 09, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-07



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 09, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-08



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 10, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-02-09



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 10, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-10



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-11



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-12



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: **1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM**

CLIENT: ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD. PROJECT NO .: 0304-30661 TEST DATE: Feb 06, 1998 SAMPLE NO .: E89-02-13



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knowledge of EBA.

GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661

TEST DATE: Feb 06, 1998 SAMPLE NO.: E89-02-15

MOISTURE CONTENT: #200 #12 #100 #80 #70 #50 #40 #20 Bulk: N/A Р₁₀₀ Е Top: N/A R 90 С TOTAL MASS (g): PERCENT SIEVE E N⁸⁰ RETAINED SIZE Sieve: 296.0 0.3 #12 Т # 20 0.3 Bulk: N/A 70 # 40 4.1 Top: N/A # 70 51.8 P # 100 21.9 A 60 # 200 14.0 S PAN 7.6 SIEVE PERCENT S 50 SIZES PASSING I 60 PERCENT RETAINED N 40 50 G 40 100 30 30 #12 99.7 B 20 Y ₂₀ # 20 99.4 10 # 40 95.3 Μ 0 10 # 50 74.9 # 100 # 70 # 40 SIEVE SIZE # 200 A PAN # 20 #12 S # 70 43.5 0 S 850µm 50µm l80μm 300 µm 425µm 75 µm 212μm .7mm # 80 34.1 # 100 21.7 SIEVE SIZE # 200 7.6 **REMARKS: UNWASHED**

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:	1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM
CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD
PROJECT NO.:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 06, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-02-16



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 10, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-17



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: **1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM**

CLIENT: ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD. PROJECT NO .: 0304-30661 TEST DATE: Feb 10, 1998 SAMPLE NO .: E89-02-18



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 10, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-19



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 10, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-20



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 10, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-02-21



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 10, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-22



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 01, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-1-01



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM	PROJECT:	· ·	1997	UIS	SAN	[PL]	ING	PRC)GR	AM
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CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO.:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 01, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-1-02



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 01, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-1-03



GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
0304-30661
Feb 01, 1998
E89-1-04



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 01, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-1-05



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 01, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-1-06



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 01, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-1-07



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
0304-30661
Feb 01, 1998
E89-4-01



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 01, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-4-02



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 01, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-4 #3



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 04, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-04-03



REMARKS: WASHED & SIEVED IN 2 PARTS

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 01, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-4-04



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 09, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-04-05



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-05-01



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-05-02



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM PROJECT: CLIENT: ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD. PROJECT NO .: 0304-30661 TEST DATE: Feb 06, 1998 SAMPLE NO .:

E89-05-03



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-05-04



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:	1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM
CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 06, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-05-05



REMARKS: UNWASHED



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-05-07



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:	1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM
CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO.:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 06, 1998

SAMPLE NO.: E89-05-08



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-05-09



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-05-11



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: **1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM** CLIENT: ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD. PROJECT NO .: 0304-30661 Feb 06, 1998 TEST DATE: SAMPLE NO .: E89-05-12



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-05-13



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-05-14



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-5 #15



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 04, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-3 #1



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:	1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM
PROJECT:	1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 04, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-3 #2



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO.:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 04, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-3 #3



REMARKS: UNWASHED



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
0304-30661
Feb 04, 1998
E89-3 #4



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:	1997 UI	S SAI	MPLIN	IG P	ROGR	AM
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CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 04, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-3 #5



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 05, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-3 #7



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 05, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-3 #8



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO.:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-3 #9



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 04, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-03-09



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: **1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM**

CLIENT: ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD. PROJECT NO .: 0304-30661 TEST DATE: Feb 05, 1998 SAMPLE NO .: E89-03-10



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-03-11



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-03-11



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: **1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM**

CLIENT: ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD. PROJECT NO .: 0304-30661 TEST DATE: Feb 05, 1998 SAMPLE NO .: E89-03-13



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-03-13



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO.:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 06, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-03-14



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
0304-30661
Feb 05, 1998
E89-3 #15



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 05, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-3 #16



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 01, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-2-01



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
0304-30661
Feb 04, 1998
E89-2 #2



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-03



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO.:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 01, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-2-04



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 09, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-05



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS	SAMPLING PROGRAM
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CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 09, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-02-06



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 09, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-07



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:	1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM
CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 09, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-02-08



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT: ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD. PROJECT NO .: 0304-30661 TEST DATE: Feb 10, 1998 SAMPLE NO .: E89-02-09



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 10, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-10



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 06, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-02-11



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-12



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-13



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:	1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM
CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 06, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-02-14



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-15



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT:1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAMCLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 06, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-16



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 10, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-17



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 10, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-02-18



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.PROJECT NO.:0304-30661TEST DATE:Feb 10, 1998SAMPLE NO.:E89-02-20



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 10, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-02-21



REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 10, 1998
SAMPLE NO .:	E89-02-22



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 01, 1998
SAMPLE NO.:	E89-1-01



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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT:	ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD.
PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
TEST DATE:	Feb 01, 1998
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PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

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PROJECT NO .:	0304-30661
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REMARKS: UNWASHED

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GRADATION ANALYSIS REPORT

PROJECT: 1997 UIS SAMPLING PROGRAM

CLIENT: ULTRASONIC INDUSTRIAL SCIENCES LTD. PROJECT NO .: 0304-30661 Feb 01, 1998 TEST DATE: SAMPLE NO .: E89-1-07



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