MAR 19620001: CLEAR HILLS

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19620001

ECONOMIC MINERALS

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original

REPORT
ON
CLEAR HILLS IRON DEPOSIT
OF
ALBERTA

This deport, written in 1960, was submitted as is, as the assessment work done on Permit 17, and dated 1962. The report was only indexed conce for the C160, and identified as 1962.

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SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Results from the drilling of 120 holes along a narrow strip of the south slopes of the CLEAR HILLs, Alberta, have established iron ore reserves as follows:

Positive Ore	25,749,836 tons
Probable Additional Ore	8,225,266 tons
Total Positive and Probable	33,975,102 tons
Average Analysis of the ore is:-	
Iron	32.652
Phos.	0.691
Mang.	0.164
Silica	2 5.672
Alum.	5.534
Sulph.	0.108
CaO	3.247
MgO.	1.245
Ignition Loss	14.356

Additional drilling exploration in the area will undoubtedly provide for an increase in ore reserves, since the ore zone is known to extend beyond the area drilled.

REPORT ON

CLEAR HILLS IRON DEPOSIT

INTRODUCTION

During the spring and summer of 1959 an attempt was made to evaluate the occurrence of iron ore which outcrops in Townships 87 and 88, Ranges 6 and 7, West of the Sixth Meridian, Alberta. These outcrops were trenched and sampled and a few bore holes were put down for sampling purposes. This work was described in reports dated July 10 and October 16, 1959.

The lateral extent of the deposit and it's physical situation under overburden made it such that the only practical method of exploration was by drilling a large number of holes along a length of some 12 miles in order to establish tonnage and grade. The friable nature of the ore precluded the use of normal coring techniques, a number of which had previously been tried, unsuccessfully.

Experiments conducted during late 1959 resulted in the decision to resume drilling using a conventional truck mounted rotary drill and to use compressed air rather than a fluid medium for the transfer of cuttings out of the drill hole.

OBJECTIVE OF DRILLING PROGRAM

The objective of this drilling program was to prove the existence of from twenty to thirty million tons of iron ore in Townships 87 and 88, Ranges 6 and 7, West of the Sixth Meridian, Alberta. Since the deposit is nearly horizontal in attitude, and since the overburden cover increases in depth to the north with the rise in the general topography, it was decided to limit drilling exploration to those areas in which the overburden cover extended to a maximum depth of from 70 to 130 feet. This would give an average depth of from 35 to 65 feet of overburden that would have to be stripped in order to expose the ore for extraction.

DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLING EQUIPMENT

The equipment consisted of a Winter Weiss truck mounted Rotary drill. The compressor used was a Gardner Denver model RP 600 D-A Rotary Compressor, delivering 600 c.f.m. at 105 p.s.i. pressure. This was mounted on a heavy duty logging sleigh in order to keep the center of gravity as low as possible and was towed to successive drilling sites by a small International T.D. 9 crawler tractor.

The top of the drill hole was sealed with a dome-shaped apparatus manufactured from ten inch casing through which the Kelly drilling bar passed. The Kelly was sealed by a succession of washers made of metal, rubber and belting material, these being held in place

by a clamping device bolted to the top of the dome. A four inch outlet from the side permitted the attachment of a twenty foot length of four inch flexible rubber hose leading to the top of an air separator manufactured from a steel tank. The separator dimensions are as follows: Diameter - 24 inches, Length - 36 inches, Top Opening - 10 inches, Bottom Opening - 8 5/8 inches. Samples were collected in pails at the bottom of the separator. The operating arrangement is shown in the two photographs in Appendix "D".

FIELD OPERATION

(a) Survey:

A grid pattern of drill holes, in the center of each legal sub-division of 40 acres was first plotted. These were arranged so as to lie mostly between elevations of 2,600 feet and 2,700 feet, A.S.L. since the lowest outcrop elevation known was at 2,610 feet. The survey was started from the North East corner of Section 36, Township 87, Range 7, West of the Sixth Meridian, this being the closest survey point. The elevation at this corner was taken to be 2,479 A.S.L., this being the datum used by crews carrying out seismic surveys in the area.

Existing seismic survey lines were utilized where possible and branch lines were bulldozed from these to the desired locations. In some cases topography required the location to be shifted from the center of the legal sub-division, but the locations were held as close as possible to this center.

(b) Operation of Equipment:

At each location holes were spudded and drilled with 4 3/4 inch bit to within about five feet of the calculated depth of the ore. Drill stem was then removed, and the top of the hole sealed off with the "sampling head". The stem was then measured into the hole and the Kelly bar marked off in one foot intervals when the bit was on bottom. Drilling proceeded with the cuttings being examined closely. The top of the zone was identified by cuttings returned in the air blast, and was frequently signalled by a grinding noise in crusty, hard shaly material at the top of the zone.

The four inch hose connection to the separator was then made, the Kelly bar re-marked in one foot intervals, and drilling resumed, stopping after each foot of penetration to remove and bag the samples obtained.

It was necessary to pre heat the separator in sub-freezing temperatures to prevent the damp material from freezing and caking on the inside. This was usually done either with a propane torch or by simply building a wood fire underneath it.

Sampling continued foot by foot until the base of the zone was reached, and then the hole was deepened for a few feet to ensure the whole zone had beenpenetrated. During this penetration, samples were taken as outlined above, and in no case was there found any significant amount of ore material through which the drill had previously penetrated. This appeared conclusive evidence that there was little or no

contamination of samples due to the rubbing of the drill stem on the sides of the hole.

When water bearing strata were encountered, it was necessary to case the hole to seal it off since the air stream was insufficient to keep the hole clean and also since the wet, sticky walls would cause cuttings to build up and close the opening. Such cases were few, however, they deserve description. In such circumstances, the drill was moved a few feet from the original hole and a second hole drilled using a 6 1/2 inch bit. This was drilled into and through the water bearing zone. Casing was then put down in ten foot lengths and was driven through into dry material below the water zone. The casing used was 16 inch O.D., 9.7 lb. Insert Joint (Flush Joint). In addition to 10 ft. lengths, four 2 ft. lengths and two 1 ft. lengths were carried so that the top could always be kept within 6 inches of ground level and would not interfere with free passage of cuttings through the "sealing head".

Drilling then was resumed inside the casing using 4 3/4 inch bit. Fortunately, no more than one water bearing horizon was encountered in the holes drilled.

(c) Sampling Procedure:

l. Field:

During drilling of the ore zone, the rotation rate was slowed considerably and the air flow reduced to about 3/4 of full flow from the compressor. At the completion of each foot of penetration, the rotation was stopped and the full air flow turned on for a few seconds to clear the hole of all cuttings. Samples were then removed, bagged in 4 mil.

polyethelene plastic bags which were then wrapped in paper bags and marked. these were shipped to the laboratory for further processing.

2. Laboratory:

Field samples were handed in the laboratory in accordance with the procedure outlined diagrammatically on page 8. It was decided that from a practical mining viewpoint, the top foot should be sampled separately since some of this would undoubtedly be lost during stripping. The remainder of the zone was examined under a low power microscope, foot by foot, and samples were then combined in lithologically similar sections. Sample weights were therefore the same and it was assumed that each foot of sample was representative of that portion of the zone from which it originated.

Analyses were made by Steep Rock Range Laboratories,
Atikokan, Ontario.

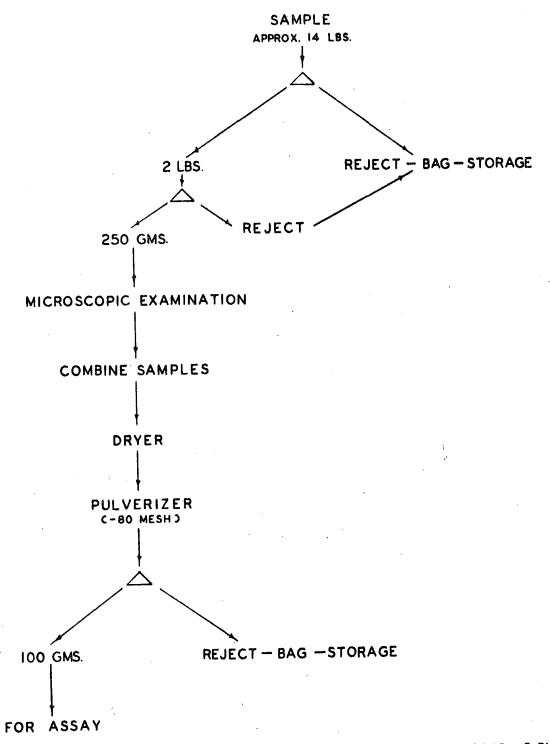
All sample rejects were retained and are held in storage for any future requirements.

AIR PHOTOGRAPH STUDY

In order to assist in correlation of data obtained from drill holes, a study of air photos of the area was obtained through the co-operation of the Research Council of Alberta. A copy of this report is attached as Appendix "A".

This study indicated "stable areas", separated by erosion features, such as drainage channels, and areas where "slumping" or faulting has occurred.

LABORATORY SAMPLING PROCEDURE



N. S. EDGAR P. ENG.

INTERPRETATION OF DRILLING RESULTS

Reference is made to location and Assay Maps attached as Appendix "B".

The air photo study and drill hole data have indicated three erosional features which have the effect of dividing the ore deposit into two major segments. The eastern segment in Township 88, Range 6, is de-limited by stream erosion and slumping in a broad valley extending north through Sections 2 and 11. Westward, stable conditions exist through Sections 3, 4 and 5 to a second broad erosional valley extending north through Sections 6 and 7. West of Sections 6 and 7 there exists a broad highland covering Sections 1, 2 and the east half of 3 and 10, in Township 88, Range 7. Stable conditions are found around the east, south and western flanks of this highland except for minor slumping or draping, and relatively narrow but deep areas of stream erosion.

West of Section 9, Township 88, Range 7, in Sections 5, 6, 7 and 8, photo interpretation indicates stable areas, possibly overrun by major "landslide" areas. Drilling results show that some slumping has certainly occurred but in addition, they indicate that the zone becomes thinner and may be only from 2 to 4 feet thick in this area.

DRILL LOGS AND ANALYSES .

Data on Drill Logs and Analyses are listed in Appendix "C" to this report.

Locations of holes are plotted on the maps, Appendix

"B". The following calculations are weighted averages of all analyses.

They are weighted as to ore thickness.

Element	Analysis %
Iron	32,652
Silica	25.672
Phosphorous	0.691
Manganese	0.164
Alumina	5.534
Sulphur	0.108
Calcium Oxide	3.247
Magnesium Oxide	1'. 245
Ignition Loss	14.536

It is of interest to compare the analyses of ore obtained in drill holes close to the four trenches which were channel sampled:

	Channel	<u>Drill Hole</u>
Trench 1.	31.72	$\frac{30.23}{10}$
2.	$\frac{30.75}{9}$ or $\frac{35.62}{6}$	32.67
3.	$\frac{34.41}{8}$	32.01
4.	35.98 9	$\frac{32.35}{10}$
5.	32.11 - Bulk Sample	

TONNAGE AND GRADE ESTIMATES

Calculations of Tonnage and Grade are presented in Tables

1 and 2 following. The various areas have been designated "A", "B", "C",

etc. and are shown on the maps in Appendix "B". It will be noted that the Eastern limit of reserve estimates is in Section 3, Township 88, Range 6, The area in Sections 10, 11, and 12 are extremely difficult to traverse; hence only a few holes were drilled, and these were not sufficient to show sufficient continuity of ore on which to base reserve calculations. Also, this area has had much slumping and stream erosion. Additional drilling would no doubt enlarge the reserve estimates.

To the West, in Township 88, Range 7, the Western limit for reserve estimates is a line through the East boundaries of Sections 5 and 8. West of this, inconclusive drill hole results were found. It is probable that landslide conditions have churned up the underlying strata, or possibly filled in old erosion channels, or possibly depositional factors resulted in thinning of the deposit in this area.

Moisture content of the ore has been measured at from 12 to 15% indicating an apparent density of 14.5 cubic feet to the ton. This has been used in tonnage calculations.

Using the map scale of 1 inch equals 400 ft., one square inch of map area provides for \$1,035 tons of ore per vertical foot of ore thickness.

The area factor provides for the interval between the average top of the ore elevation and the top contour elevation, in the area measured. A uniform topographical gradient is assumed for this calculation.

Tonnage estimates are arrived at by the following:

Tonnage = Map Area x 11,035 x Average Thickness x Area Factor.

Estimates are divided into two classes, Positive and Probable. The distance between some drill holes may be regarded as rather more than is desirable when considering ore reserves. However, the persistence of the zone is such that the writer regards the drilling results as being adequate for the present purpose of outlining positively the large tonnage required.

The Probable reserves are obtained by increasing the strip width along the upper contour, assuming a uniform topographical gradient. This would require removal of more overburden, but the maximum average figure used has been limited to 65 feet.

Total Positive Reserves are calculated at

Addition Probable Reserves are calculated at

Average grade

25,749,836 tons

8,225,226 tons

32.65% Fe.

Respectfully submitted,

N. S. Edgar, P. Eng.

Edmonton, Alberta, April 21st, 1960.

TABLE I

TONNAGE AND IRON GRADE ESTIMATES-POSITIVE RESERVES

Lo	ocation	Map Area							
Area	Description	Sq. Inches	Contour	Average	Average Top	Area	Average	CT.	Average
			Interval	Thickness	Elevation	Factor	Overburden	Tonnage	Grade Iron
(T)	00 D = 2 7 W 4	М							
1WP.	88-Rge.7-W.6 SW 9, SE 8,	101 •			,				
A	NE 5, NW 4,	24.9	2629-2750	8.01	2629	1.0	60.51	2,198,172	30.91
иВи	SE 9, NÉ 4,	21.,	202, 2130						ŕ
D	SW 9,	41.9	2624-2750	8.21	2624	1.0	631	3,791,405	32.72
"C"	SW 10,	,							
	SE 10,	18.0	2655-2750	6.61	2655	0.1	47.5	1,310,958	35.44
"D"	SW 10,	4.4	2649-2750	8.01	2649	1.0	37.5	388,432	35.24
пЕп	SW 10, NE 4,	+							
	NW 3, SE 9,	6.2	2650-2665	8.01	2648.5	1.0	50.75'	547,336	33,55
$^{\prime\prime}\mathrm{F}^{\prime\prime}$	SW 3, SE 4,								
	NW3,	8.3	2640-2667	6.01	2640	1.0	13.5'	549,543	31.07
''G''	SE 3,				- 4			0 0 7 4 7 0 4	22.25
	NE of SW 3,	26.3	2640-2750	10.25	2640	0.1	55'	2,974,704	33.25
''H''	NE 3,							•	
	SE of NW 3,	25.4	2/40 2750	0 (1	2640	1.0	55'	2,410,485	33.25
	NE of NW 3,	25.4	2640-2750		2640	1.0 0.65	32.51	461,263	31.16
''L''	SW.I,	9.1	2600-2700		2635			•	
''M''	SE 1, SW ₂ 6,		2600-2700		2627	0.73	36.51	1,964,892	31,16
$_{\rm H}N_{\rm H}$	NE I, SW7,	5.3	2650-2700	8.01	2627	1.0	36.51	467,884	31.16
					Sub-to	tal		17,065,074	

.

TABLE I (continued)

	Description	Map Area Sq. Inches	Contour Interval	Average Thickness	Average Top Elevation	Area Factor	Average Overburden	Tonnage	Average Grade Iron
Twp.	87-Rge. 7 -	W.6 M.							
11 I 11	NW 35,								
	NE 34,	20.6	2600-2750	9.51	2623	0.84	63.51	1,813,933	33.11
пJп	NE 35,	14.3	2600-2750	8.01	2627.5	18.0	61.25'	1,022,503	33.11
"K"	NW 35,	4.8	2600-2750	8.0'	2626	0.82	62'	347,381	33.11
					Su b-tot	al		3,183,817	
Twp.	88-Rge 6- W	.6M.							
"Q"	NW 5,	18.7	2600-2700	81	2630	.70	35.01	1,155,585	31.07
"R"	SW 5,								
	SE 5,	42.1	2600-2700	61	2615	.85	42.5'	2,369,324	31.07
"S"	SW 4,	11.4	2600-2700	5.5'	2615	.85	42.5	588,055	31.33
$^{\prime\prime}\mathrm{T}^{\prime\prime}$	SE 4,	16.2	2600-2700	61	2616	.84	42.01	900,897	31.33
''U''	SW 3,	12.4	2600-2700	41	2611	.89	44.5'	487,084	33.5
					Sub-tot	al		5,500,945	

TOTAL POSITIVE RESERVES - 25,749,836 TONS

TABLE 2

TONNAGE AND GRADE ESTIMATES - PROBABLE ADDITIONAL RESERVES

Location	Map Area						
Area Description	Sq. Inches	Contour	Average	Average Top	Area	Average	
		<u>Interval</u>	Thickness	Elevation	Factor	Overburden	Tonnage
Twp. 88-Rge. 6 W	. 6 М.						
"O" SW 7,	9.2	2678-2756	7'	2658	1.0	461	710,654
"P" SE 7,	24.05	2631-2761	61	2631	1.0	651	1,592,350
"Q" NW 5,	24.31	2630-2760	81	2630	1.0	651	2,146,086
"R" SW 5, SE 5,	54.73	2615-2745	61	2615	1.0	651	3,623,673
"S" SW 4,	14.82	2615-2745	5.5'	2615	1.0	65'	899,462
"T" SE 4,	21.06	2616-2746	61	2616	1.0	651	1,394,382
''U'' SW 3,	16.12	2611-2741	41	2611	1.0	65'	711,536
,				Total			11,078,143
				Less Positi	ive Re se rv	es	5,500,945
				Probable A	dditio nal R	eserves	5,577,198
Twp. 88-Rge. 7 -	W. 6 M.						
"L" SW I.	21.1	2600-2750	81	2635	0.76	57.5	1,415,569
"M" SE 1, SW 6,	30.4	2600-2740	8.61	2627	0.80	56.5	2,307,970
"N" NE 1, SW 7,	20.6	2650-2750	8.01	2627	0.1	61.5	1,818,568
				Total			5,542,107
				Less Posit	ive Reserv	e s	2,894,039
				Probable A	dditional R	eserves	2,648,068

TOTAL PROBABLE ADDITIONAL RESERVES - 8,225,266 TONS

APPENDIX "A"

Geomorphology of the Southern Slopes of Clear Hills, Alberta by L. A. Bayrock

Research Council of Alberta

The Clear Hills are made up of Upper Cretaceous montmorillonitic, marine and brackish water deposits capped by glacial deposits comprised mainly of till. The till averages from about 10 to 20 feet in thickness. Glacio-lacustrine and recent lacustrine sediments mantle the lowlands to the south of the Clear Hills. The thickness of the lacustrine deposits is not expected to exceed ten feet. Glacial deposits are generally thin and do not obscure the underlying bedrock topography.

The bedrock topography of the southern part of the Clear Hills can be described as hilly bearing signs of a pre-last glaciation badland type of erosion. Figure I shows a hypothetical type of bedrock topography of the southern flanks of the Clear Hills. The valleys between the hills are wide and flat. The slopes of the hills are steep and terminate abruptly at the bottom and the top. The hilltops are generally level.

Glaciation did not alter the slopes and shapes of the hills to any significant degree except for deposition of till and glacio-lacustrine sediments.

After glaciation a warm semi-arid type of climate produced some rejuvenation of badland type of erosion in places on a minor scale

and mainly was limited to gully formation. Extensive alluvial fans at bads of gullies were produced at this time. Alluvial fans are present throughout the area at the bottom of now stable slopes. It is expected to find as much as forty feet of alluvial fan material in places, but on the average alluvial fans should average from 10 to 15 feet in thickness. It was also noted that alluvial fans usually do not extend more than 300 feet. beyond the base of the hills. Figure II shows a hypothetical relationship of alluvial fans to hills in the area. The post-glacial period of alluvial fan formation and badland type of erosion was followed by a period of extensive slumping which in some places approached land sliding. Slumping is a common phenomenon in Alberta and it usually occurs on steep slopes developed on montmorillonitic bedrock of shale or sandy shale mechanical composition.

Slumping of the southern part of the Clear Hills can be subdivided into two groups: (a) "landslide" - like slumping, and (b) local slumping. The "landslide" - like slumping covers most of the area from the high crest of the Clear Hills to the southern limit of the Hills. This "landslide" slumping probably took place all at one time when the whole of the southern slope of the Hills failed mechanically and the debris moved downslope as a semi-liquid mass overrunning and covering smaller hills in its wake. The movement of the debris was between landsliding and slumping, as large descrete slump blocks can be easily recognized, but at the very front of the moving mass there was considerable mixing of the debris to qualify for the term "landsliding". This "landslide" moved down in large lobes with an easily recognizable front. The front of it has been outlined on photographs. Figure 3 shows a hypothetical relation of the "landslide"

to the underlying deposits. This "landslide" is up to 2 miles in width in places.

Local landsliding took place on small hills not overrun by the large "landslides". It occurs on most of the hill slopes and can be easily recognized on aerial photography by a semi-concentric step-like appearance of the hill slopes. This local landsliding is characterized by only a little churning of the rock mass involved and considerable displacement on the average was from about 100 to 400 feet and vertical from 10 to 40 feet.

Some backward rotation of the individual slump blocks can be observed on aerial photographs. Some sections through such slumps may show undisturbed strata usually with more than average dips.

Undermining, even on a small scale, of either of the mass-movement materials ("landslide" or local slump) should invariably lead to further landsliding or slumping and if slide would be avoided great care and modern practices of landsliding and slumping prevention should be employed.

Solifluction, cryofluction, and soil creep materials are expected to cap all of the slopes of the area. The maximum depth of these materials on steep slopes is not expected to exceed 15 feet and should average about 5 feet in thickness.

February 15th, 1960

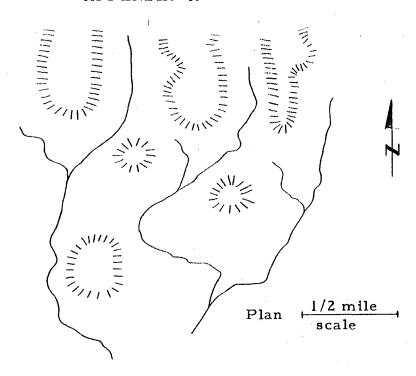


Fig. I

Hypothetical land forms of southern
Clear Hills before last glaciation.

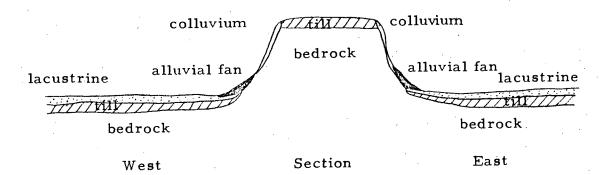


Fig. II

Hypothetical relation of surface deposits (vertical scale greatly exagerated)

APPENDIX "A"

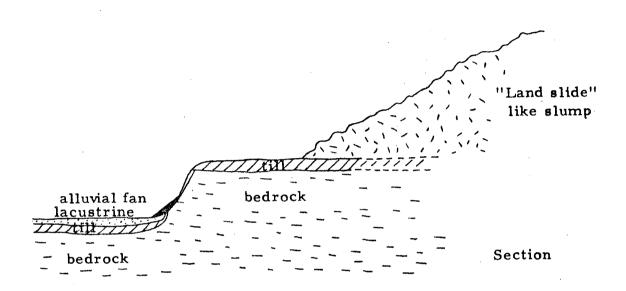
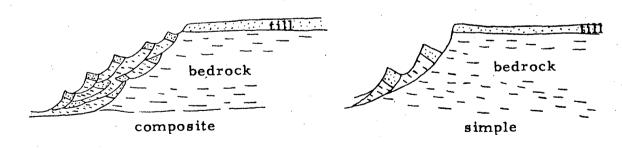


Fig. III

Hypothetical relation of "Land Slide" like slump to other deposits.

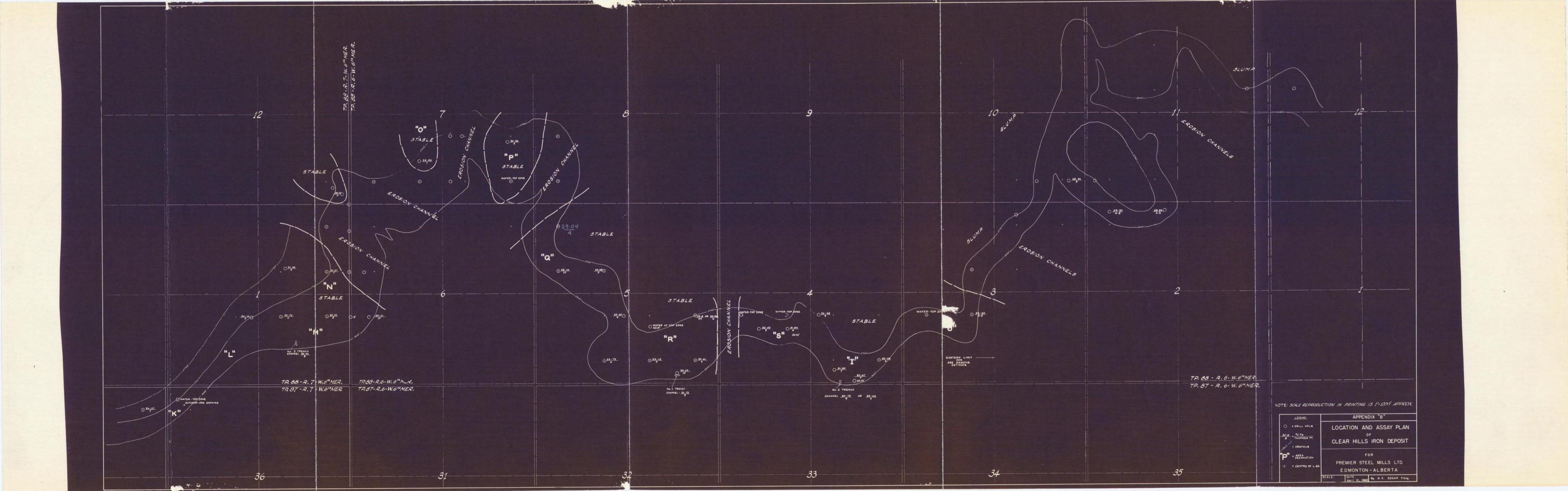


Sections

Fig. IV

Composite and simple local slumps.





APPENDIX "C"

DRILL LOGS

APPENDIX "C"

UNSUCCESSFUL DRILL HOLE LOCATIONS

Township 88, Range 7, W. 6 M.

LOCA	TION	ELEVATION	DEPTH	REMARKS
$_{ m Lsd}$.	Sec.			
7 9	1	2705	58'	Abandoned due to water
~ 10	1	2726	91	Abandoned due to water
√ 6	3	2649	211	Abandoned due to water
√ 6A	3	2652	2.11	Abandoned due to water and gravel
√ 6B	3	2652	25'	Abandoned due to water
∫1 5A	3	2656.3	31'	Abandoned due to water
√{15B	3	2708	661	Abandoned due to water
_v (15	3	2707	681	Abandoned due to water
11 ⁷	5	2642	30'	No intersection of ore zone
* 12.	5	2643	40'	No intersection of ore zone
+ 13	5	2654	50'	No intersection of ore zone
114	6	2640	401	No intersection of ore zone
- 2	7	2708	90'	No intersection of ore zone
r/3	7	2742	701	Abandoned-water bearing sand
~₹3A	7	2695	90'	No intersection of ore zone
~ 4	7	2705	.861	Abandoned-caving gravel
1 V	8	2682	81'	No intersection of ore zone
× 3	8	2732	97'	No intersection of ore zone
v 4 -	8	2706	77'	No intersection of ore zone
y 5	9	2750	123'	No intersection of ore zone
√4 :	10	2657	221	Ore from 17-22' no sample
				returns due to water
4A	10	2673	35!	Green, shaly, oolitic material 27 - 28'
√∫5	01	2673	261	Abandoned due to water
(5	0.1	2678	271	Abandoned because of caving
√6	10	2673	691	Abandoned due to water
(~ 12	10	2704	131	Abandoned-gravel with water
12	10	2721	181	Abandoned-caving
[12	10	2751	25'	Abandoned-caving
S, E.	Cor.			
	1	2665	44'	Abandoned due to gravel
· 1	12	2660	70'	No intersection of ore zone
· ~13	36	2701	181	Abandoned-caving
- ~13B	36	2729	97'	Abandoned due to water

APPENDIX "C"

UNSUCCESSFUL DRILL HOLE LOCATIONS

Township 88, Range 6 W. 6 M.

LOCA	TION	ELEVATION	DEPTH	REMARKS
Lsd .	Sec.			
- 5	3	2666	60'	No sample returns due to water
$\sqrt{11}$	3	2667	74'	No intersection of ore zone
√15	3	2703	1081	No intersection of ore zone
√, 5	4	2675	631	Abandoned due to wet, sticky clay
\int_{6}^{5}	4 *	2721	112'	No sample returns due to water
→ 7	5	2705	94'	Top of zone at 90'-abandoned due
				to water
j 12	6	2626	251	No intersection of ore zone
√ 12A	6	2655	601	No intersection of ore zone
√ 1	7	2647	161	Top of ore zone at 16'-abandoned
				due to water
12	7	2650	601	No intersection of ore zone
✓2 ✓3	7	2659	74'	No intersection of ore zone
√.4	7	2696	351	Abandoned due to water
$\sqrt{7}$	7	2674	20'	No intersection of ore zone
√4 √7 √4 √5	8	2652	50'	No intersection of ore zone
V 5	. 8	2666	121	Abandoned-due to water and
				fine gravel
${\cal J}_{f 4}$	11	2706		Abandoned-caving sand -3
_				locations
/ ₉	11	2695	100'	No intersection of ore zone
- 12	12	2658	31'	Abandoned due to caving of wet
				sand and clay.
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

DRILL LOG HOLE No. 13-2-88-6-6 HOLE No. 13-2-88-6-6 LOCATION 350.9! North of Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2634 ELEV. TOP ORE 2612 DEPTH 32 SAMPLES ANALYSIS DESCRIPTION C₀ O Brown gravelly clay Hard shale 0 21 22 21 22 23 Rusty ferrug. matl.-few colites & frag. 23 26.54 26.5 30.61 0.772 0.16 22.72 4.75 0.395 15.66 7.33 1.83 shale 23 24 24 24.5 Greenish colitic zone with qtz. grains rüst matl. Same as above but fewer colites, more 26.5 27 27 27.5 275 32 Rusty sandy clay - grey color Hard shale - water at 32' DRILL LOG HOLE No. 14-2-88-6-6 HOLE No. 11-2-88-6-6 LOCATION 300' Fast & 393.3' North of Center EVATION 2653 DEPTH_50 ELEV. TOP ORE 2617 ANALYSIS Of Lad. SAMPLES REMARKS From DESCRIPTION 0 35 36 35 36 37 Brown gravelly clay Rusty ferrug. matl. few oolites & qtz. 37 25.74 40.5 29.09 25.40 28.49 5.12 0.159 14.56 4.51 1.65 37 38 38 39 39 40 40 40.5 40.5 41 41 41.5 41.5 50 0.693 0.13 Rusty sandy shale or clay N. S. EDGAR, P. Eng.

DRILL LOG

HOLE No._6_3-88-

LOCATION Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2634 DEPTH 31 ELEV. TOP ORE 2615

		•	SAME	PLES					ANALYSIS						1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
From	То	DESCRIPTION	From	То	Iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	C ₀ O	Mg O	Average Iran	REMARKS
0 12 19	12 19 20	Hard dry grey clay. Rust zone at 12° Brown Clay Greenish brown solitic zone with bits- qtz. & clay Same	19 20	20 23	29•30 34•90	0.805	0.17	22.71 19.53	5.27	0.088	16.60	3,24	1.61	33.50 4	
21 22 23 24 24.5 25.0	22 23 24 24 25 28 31	Same Same Rusty Sandy mixture - 20% colites, consid. qtz. & clay Similar and non-colitie Rusty sandy clay-non colitie	23	25	21.29			44.04		The state of the s					
28	31	Elue green clay	-												

HOLE No. Comparison Trench 2

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. Comparison TrenchPAGE No. ELEV. TOP ORE 2619

LOCATION 400 East of Trench 2 ELEVATION 2639 DEPTH 291 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Ignition Loss REMARKS Ca O Sulph. Alum. DESCRIPTION Fram Brown clay - a little gravelly Brown ferrug. colitic matl.-some shale Brown colitic ore zone - white calc. 0 20 21 20 21 22 31.46 20 21 26.79 Comparison with channel samples in Trench No. 2 0.681 0.23 |22.70 | 6.05 | 0.275 | 15.63 | 3.91 | 1.37 32.67 71 21 27 33.65 specks 23 24 25 26 27 29 Highly colitic Brown ore zone Channel Drill Hole green colites Green - grey clay or shale

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HOLE No. 1-4-88-6-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 1-4-88-6-6 PAGE No. LOCATION Center of Lsd ELEVATION 2653 DEPTH 46 ELEV. TOP ORE 2611 SAMPLES ANALYSIS REMARKS Silica Sulph. C₀ O Mg O DESCRIPTION To Brown clay & gravel
Damp blue-grey clay-gypsum xtls. @ 16' 0 10 40 40 40.5 40.5 41.5 Grey shale Rusty limonitic, colitic, frag's grey shale & qtz. 40.5 41.5 28.01 0.786 0.12 25.05 19.17 4.95 0.165 18.40 3.80 1.62 32.08 41.5 42.5 42.5 43.5 43.5 44.5 44.5 45.5 45.5 46 Greenish colitic ore zone Same - more colitic Same - highly colitic Same -Same - plus bits green clay characteristic of base zone.

Water encountered at 46' and hole abandoned. DRILL LOG HOLE No. 2-4-88-6-6 HOLE No. 2-4-88 LOCATION 300' South of Center Lsd. ELEV. TOP ORE 2621 ELEVATION 2630 DEPTH 21 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Ignition Loss DESCRIPTION From То Sulph. Mg O 3 9 10 Brown clay & coarse gravel Brown hard clay 3 Rusty-few colites - bits grey shale & qtz. 28.41 33.17 10 9 Brown colitic ore zone - qtz. grains 10 26.24 4.79 0.071 14.34 4.30 0.91 31.50 7 16 32.02 0.763 0.13 18.5 15.05 & white calc. matl. 11 12 12 13 13 14 14 15 15 16 16 16.5 17.0 17.0 17.5 17.5 18.0 18.5 21 Highly colitic Brown ore zone Rusty sand with grey clay Similar but more clay, est. 40% Rusty sand and clay Green-grey shale or clay

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HOLE No. 54-4

DRILL LOG

_ELEV. TOP ORE 2618

LOCATION 450' East and 410' South of Center ELEVATION 2648 DEPTH 38' SAMPLES REMARKS Sulph. C₆ O Silica DESCRIPTION Brown clay - damp Grey clay 0 14 28 30 14 28 30 31 Hard grey shale Rusty greenish colitic matl. with bits 32.09 32.57 0.618 0.19 22.29 5.64 0.285 15.50 4.10 1.52 shale 30 Highly colitic greenish brown ore zone 31 31 32 33 34 35 36 32 33 34 35 36 38 - Green sandy clay - non colitic

DRILL LOG

п То	DESCRIPTION	From	To	Iran	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	G O	Mg O	Average Iron	REMARKS
142 29 35 35 35 35 35 40 42 42	Green-brown colitic ore zone with bits grey clay	34. 35 40	35 40 41	Į.	0.702	0.14	24.68 22.09		0.170	16.80	3.64	1.39	31.84 61	
												-		

HOLE No. 7-4-88-6-6

DRILL LOG LOCATION 450' West of Center of Lsd.

HOLE No.7-4-88-6-6 PAGE No. 3.
ELEVATION 2712 DEPTH 98.5 ELEV. TOP ORE 2620

ANALYSIS SAMPLES Co O Mg O From To ĩ. DESCRIPTION Brown clay and gravel 15 19 43 48 66 71 88 93 mrown clay and gravel Goarse gravel Brown clay, gravelly Coarse gravel & clay Silty grey clay, some gravel 15 19 43 48 66 71 88 93 Gravel Grey silty clay Brown silty clay Green-grey-brown slightly oclitic 31.21 94 29.38 material Green-brown highly colitic with consid. 43.44 4.03 0.502 12.39 2.31 1.15 26.58 94 95 25.89 0.729 0.14 98 Similar but about 30% green clay 98.5 Rusty green clay.

HOLE No. Comparison - No. 1 Trench

DRILL LOG

HOLE No Comparison-No. 1 PAGE No. 1

Trench ELEV TOP ORE 2615 LOCATION 10' North of No. 1 Trench ELEVATION 2625 _DEPTH_23 SAMPLES From To Mang. Silica Alum. Sulph. Ca O REMARKS DESCRIPTION Rusty sand Brown clay, few pebbles Rusty, ferrug, material-few colites 0 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 10 11 28.93 28.04 Similar-more colitic 29.43 5.08 48.01 11 21 21 23 30.38 0.624 0.16 0.062 13.80 3.48 0.99 30.23 101 Comparison with channel Rusty-brown, highly colitic ore zone samples in Trench No. 1. Drill Hole Channel Brown ferruginous but less colitic Relatively few colites, lt. buff limonite Rusty ferrug. - few colites, bits green Green clay increasing - Base of zone Green clay with bits rust 21 22 22 23

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DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 1-5-88-6-6 PAGE No. HOLE No. 1-5-88-6 LOCATION Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2656 DEPTH 49 : _ELEV. TOP ORE _2616 SAMPLES Ignition Loss Alum. Sulph. C₀O Mg O From Phos. Mang. Τα DESCRIPTION To Brown clay - gypsum xtls. at 20' Grey silty clay becoming gravelly 26-29 with few gypsum xtls. Brown slightly rusty clay Hard grey shale 21 37 2**1** 39 40 41 42 43 44 37 39 41 42 43 24.11 31.91 0.678 0.15 26.26 4.34 0.106 15.03 3.16 1.29 Rusty slightly colitic with consideday Brown colitic ore zone & white calcareous mat'l. " & bits green clay 45 46 47 49 44 45 46 47 " " & green clay & sand Out of zone - rusty sand & green clay Hard shale DRILL LOG PAGE No. HOLE No. 2-5-88-6-6 HOLE No. 2-5-88-6-6 LOCATION Center of Lsd _ELEV. TOP ORE 2617 ELEVATION 2652 DEPTH_46* ANALYSIS SAMPLES lgnitian Lass Average Iron REMARKS C_s O Mg O Silica From Τo DESCRIPTION From Τa Brown sandy clay with fine gravel becoming heavier at 14'. ٥ 34 34 35 35 36 Hard blue shale Highly colitic-green colites, bits clay, pebbles 20.28 35 36 36 40 34.54 32.77 0.607 0.15 5.94 0.077 16.71 3.38 1.49 33.12 37 36 25.02 33.27 40 42 37 38 39 40 38 39 40 41 " " & Clay Greenish-grey sandy material & few oolites 41 42 43 Mostly greenish-grey clay-few colites Greenish-grey clay

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HOLE No. 3-5-88-6-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 3-5-88-6-6

PAGE No.

LOCATION 601 Fast of Center of Lsd ELEVATION2656 DEPTH 50: ELEV. TOP ORE 2619 ANALYSIS SAMDI ES Ignitian Loss Average Iron REMARKS Sulph. Ca O Mg O Mang. DESCRIPTION Fram То lron To From Brown-grey clay with small am't gravel at 12' - Rusty zone 4" Hard Blue-grey clay, some gravel 0 12 12 20 20 Brown clay with gypsum xtls.
Brown ferruginous material-24 37 38 24 37 29.22 37 39 25.34 non oolitic Similar but colitic plus bits clay 39 38 20.73 5.46 0.063 15.98 4.01 1.86 33.73 0.661 0.09 39 44 35.41 and sand 31.28 46 22.92 39 40 41 42 43 Brown colitic ore zone 40 41 42 43 44 Brownish-green colitic ore zone Greenish clay with few oolites base zone 45 46 50 Green clay DRILL LOG HOLE No. 6-5-88-6-6 HOLE No. 6-5-88-6-6 LOCATION 60' East of Center of Lsd. DEPTH A2 ELEV. TOP ORE2624 ELEVATION 2654 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Average Iron REMARKS Sulph. Silica Mang. DESCRIPTION То Brown Clay Rusty brown clay (Bog Iron?) 0 7 8 13 22 28 29 30 31 13 22 28 29 30 31 32 Grey-green clay Brown-grey clay
Dark greenish blue clay, few pebbles
Brown clay Grey shale Brown rusty oolitic, few clay fragments 30 31 36 31.27 36.11 0.68 24.03 22.80 4.50 35.30 0.11 0.06 13.72 3.15 0.99 Highly colitic brown, rusty ore zone 23.21 37.16 38 32 33 34 35 36 33 34 35 36 37 36 Brown ferruginous, few colites, some clay. green 38 37 clay. Green clay 38 42

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HOLE No. 7-5-88-6-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 7-5-88-6-6 PAGE No. 15

ELEVATION 2705 DEPTH 94 ELEV. TOP ORE 2615

LOCATION 320'south of Center of Lsd.

ANALYSIS SAMPLES REMARKS Ca O Mg O To Mang. Silica Sulph. From DESCRIPTION To Brown clay - 3" Rust @ 4'. 10 88 0 Brown clay 10 Dark grey silty clay with shell fragments and occasional pebble. Hard blue-grey shale.
Greenish oolitic material - top of ore zone - not sampled At 92' encountered water, drilled to 94' and abandoned - no cuttings returned past 92'.

DRILL LOG
ROLE No. 8-5-88-6-6

HOLE No. 8-5-88-6-6 PAGE No. 15

ELEV. TOP ORE 2621 LOCATION Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2702 DEPTH 90 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Mg Q Silica Alum. C₀ O Mang, DESCRIPTION From To Brown clay with coarse gravel-damp at ll' water seam in yellow clay Brown clay with fine gravel - wet Dark grey clay, shell frag's. 0 11 16 26 11 16 gypsum xtls. Brown gravelly clay - damp Blue-grey silty clay - becoming hard 26 30 .30 80 and dry at 45' Hard shale - water zone at top of iron 80 81 82 29.98 85 33.76 0.666 865 23.79 22.09 -45.90 4.88 0.101 16.75 3.17 1.91 29.8 5.5 Samples contaminated due to bed 0.16 water at top of zone and resulting wall sloughing. 82 85 81 82 82 83 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 86.5 86.5 90 Greenish-brown colitic mat'l. cons.clay Oolitic sandy clay Shale

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HOLE No. 11-5-88-6-6

DRILL LOG LOCATION 60' Fast of Genter of Lad.

HOLE No. 11-5-88-6-6 PAGE No. 17

ELEVATION 2681 DEPTH 65 ELEV. TOP ORE 2625

		•	SAM	PLES		-			ANALYSIS						
rom	To	DESCRIPTION	From	То	lron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum:	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	Ca O	Mg O	Average fron	REMARKS
0 140 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 63	1 1	Brown clay occasional pebble " with gravel Grey-Blue clay, gravel 48-50' Hard blue shale Brownish green oclitic zone " highly oclitic, " some clay "	56	57 61	32 . 56	0.579	0.14	20 . 63 22 . 76	5.08	0.119	16.65	3.07	1.41	33.08 578	

HOLE No. 12-5-88-6-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 12-5-88-6-6 PAGE No. 13

	HOLE	No. 12-5-88-0-6	SAMP	LES	LOCATIO	ONCe	nter o		ANALYSIS			ELEVAT	ON_265	0 DEP	TH 34* ELEV. TOP ORE 2639
Fro	То	DESCRIPTION	From	То	Iron	Phos.	Mang,	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	C.O	Mg O	Average fron	REMARKS
	71234566789901234566778889 96	OULIUS	11 12 20 26	12 20 26 285	27.89 23.53 34.33 24.42	0.602	0.16	36.67 36.00 23.03 34.28	6.10	0.146	13.97	4.29	1.37	28.14 151	
30 30 31	29. 5 30. 5 31. 34.	5 Mostly clay - 80% - 90% Blue - green clay or shale											and the second s		·

HOLE No. 13-5-88-6-6

DRILL LOG

LOCATION Center of Lsd.

ELEVATION 2704 DEPTH 887

			SAME	LES					ANALYSIS						
From	То	DESCRIPTION	From	To	Iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	Ca O	Mg.O	Average Iron	REMARKS
0 17 29 34 78 78 61 52 88 85 6		Soft silty blue clay-few shell frag's Grey silty clay - hard and dry Hard shale Rusty clay - few colites Green-brown colitic mat'l. with clay Highly colitic green-brown ore Greenish rusty sandy mat'l. Green clay, few bits rust	80 84	84	29.09 21.46	0.702	0.15	29•34 45•74	4.38	0.267	15.12	3.12	1.79	29 <u>09</u>	All samples appear contaminated with wall material

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 5-6-88-6-6

PAGE No.__

LOCATION 3171 West of center ELEVATION 2640.5 DEPTH 271 ELEV. TOP ORE 2627 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Ignition Loss REMARKS Alum. DESCRIPTION 14 15 17 19 21 Brown Clay Brown colitic ore zone, few pebblesclay 14 15 17 19 21 23 0.595 0.18 37.73 31.58 28.69 15 26.84 23 30.63 24 30.22 14 15 23 5.15 0.11 12.94 3.67 0.83 30.21 10' " " few grains qtz.
& clay
Brown colitic ore with green clay
typical base of zone
Green clay or shale Highly colitic ore zone 23 24 24 27

HOLE No. 6-7-88-6-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No.6-7-88-6-6 PAGE No. 21

			SAME	PLES 3	LOCATIO	ON_740	Sout	h of C	enter Analysis	of Lsd	•]	ELEVAT	ION <u>: 268</u>	5DEP	TH 60' ELEV. TOP ORE 2658
From	To	DESCRIPTION	From	То	Iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	Ca O	Mg O	Average Iron	REMARKS
0 26 27 28 29 30 31 33 33 35 59	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 33 35 59	Brown gravelly clay - wet Hard shale Rusty ferrug. oclitic zone - bits shale or clay Similar - more oclitic plus calc. matl. Greenish brown oclitic zone-few shale frags. Highly oclitic greenish ore zone. """ Green clay slightly rusty Grey to green shale or clay	1	28 34	35.19 33.73	0.624	0.21	22.01 23.25	4.48	0.223	15.56	3.51	1.65	33 <u>.93</u>	
59	60	Hard shale. Note - At 60' encountered water-cutting returned were green with some oblitic material. Abandoned due to water	- 7												Possibly repetition of zone at this location due to faulting or slumping. Upper zone could represent "landslide" section. If this is the case, the elevation of lower zone would be 26251.
٠	HOLE	No_ 8=7=88=6=6					DRIL	L LO	3		, .		нс	LE No. <u>8</u> -	7-88-6-6 PAGE No. 22

ELEVATION 2683 DEPTH 49 ELEV. TOP ORE 2644 ANALYSIS of Lad. SAMPLES Ignition Loss To DESCRIPTION From To Ca O Mg O REMARKS From Brown gravelly clay - wet Grey clay - some gravel - wet Water at 15' - required casing. Grey silty clay - dry Hard shale Rusty Shaly colitic material Greenish brown colite ore zone 0 12 . 12 30 30 38 39 40 41 42 38 39 40 41 42 43 $\begin{vmatrix} 0.639 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0.18 \begin{vmatrix} 24.51 \\ 24.24 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 4.09 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0.19 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 16.27 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 4.50 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 2.09 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 30.86 \\ 6 \end{vmatrix}$ 40 27.76 45 31.48 39 40 highly colitic 45 46 49 43 44 45 46 Greenish rusty sandy clay - out of zone Green-grey shale

HOLE No. 1 10 88 6

DRILL LOG

LOCATION 50' South & 200' East &f Center

HOLE No. 1-10-88-6-6 PAGE No

DEPTH 401

ELEV. TOP ORE 2614

ELEVATION 2638 of Lsd. ANALYSIS SAMPLES ignition Loss Average Iron DESCRIPTION From Sulph, Ca O Mg O REMARKS To 0 23 24 25 26 Grey - blue clay 234567 Grey shale Rusty ferrug. matl., bits grey shale becoming oolitic 24 25 20.54 31.89 0.756 0.15 39.44 21.23 4.92 0.243 16.05 7.14 2.01 28.31 Highly colitic-green-brown-small amt. 28 29 25.34 39.76 27 28 5 28 5 29 5 29 5 29 5 29 5 29 5 30 31 Same ·OF Rusty sand-few colites, much grey shale Same, with consid. qtz. frag's. Grey-green sandy matl. much clay Rusty sand with much grey clay 31.89 Mostly green clay at base of zone and . qtz. grains b2 Grey shale or clay

HOLE No. 2-10-88-6-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 2-10-88-6-6

LOCATION 50' South and 600' East of Center ELEVATION 2688 DEPTH 78' ELEV. TOP ORE 2614 SAMPLES

			SAM									2.74			
From	То	DESCRIPTION	From	То	lron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	ignitian Loss	G O	Mg O	Average Iron	REMARKS
0 38 39 54 62 73 74 75 76 77	38 39 54 62 73 74 75 76 77 78	Brown gravelly clay Gravel Clay with small boulders & pebbles Blue silty clay Brown sticky clay Grey shale Sandy ferrug. matlfew oolites, much qtz. Similar - more qtz. Sandy clay - non oolitic Same - more clay		ot sa	mpled						*				

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 16-35-87-7-6 PAGE No. HOLE No. 16-35-87-7-6 LOCATION Center of Lsd. ELEV. TOP ORE 2620 ELEVATION 2721 DEPTH 108 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Average Mg O REMARKS · Ca O From То Phos. Mang. Alum. Sulph. DESCRIPTION tron 19 45 47 100 101 Brown clay - some gravel & sand Grey silty clay - wet from 26' - 29' Brown sand 45 47 100 101 102 Grey silty clay, very dry Shale Greenish brown colitic ore zone with 102 35.06 107 34.17 108 30.03 101 102 107 some clay 0.696 0.16 22.65 5.90 0.083 15.62 34.27 2.26 1.24 102 103 104 105 106 107 103 104 105 106 107 108 some qtz. " and green clay Note: Water seam at 108' stopped recovery while still in ore. DRILL LOG PAGE No. 26 HOLE No. 13-35-87-7-6 HOLE No. 13-35-87-7-6 LOCATION 235' North West of Center of Lsd ELEVATION 2683 DEPTH 70 ELEV. TOP ORE 2622 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Average Ca O Mg O DESCRIPTION From Phos. Mang. Silica Alum. To 17 59 61 62 Brown clay Grey silty clay 17 59 61 Brown clay Brown, rusty ferrug. matl. 25% clay and 62° 66 24-35 30.84 34.60 61 62 62 63 0.607 0.15 5.77 0.103 15.36 2.69 63 Oolitic zone with clay and sand Greenish brown colitic zone-small amt. 70 23.10 5.40 0.085 14.05 2.43 0.98 clay and sand 35.63 0.812 0.23 65 66 67 68 69 70 64 65 66 67 68 69 Same Same Rusty sand - few oolites Highly colitic green-brown ore zone Note:

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Still in ore at 70° and water flow

stopped returns

HOLE No. 14-35-87-7-6

DRILL LOG

			SAM	LES	LOCATIO	ON_6601	South	150 E	ast of ANALYSIS	Cente	r of L	EEEVATI	ION_266	7 DEPTH	54' ELEV. TOP ORE 2624
From To		DESCRIPTION	From	ro	Iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	G ₀	Mg O	Average fron	REMARKS
0 26 43 44 45 47 46 47 47 48 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	3 4 5 6	Brown Clay Grey silty clay-damp & sticky Rusty, brown oclitic with 10% shale Similar but more oclitic & few white specs. Oclitic brown ore zone with lt. buff limonite Same Highly oclitic greenish brown ore zone Same with bits of sand and shale Highly oclitic greenish brown ore zone Same with buff limonite pebbles Grey, brown, oclitic and shaley Similar with increasing green shale Green shale	43 44 47 51	44 47 51 53	31.36 31.86 34.10 30.71	0.795	0.18	26.58 26.10 27.15 25.57	5.55	!	13.24			32.50 10 [†]	

DRILL LOG

			SAM	PLES	LOCATIO		r of l		ANALYSIS	est of		ELEVAT	ION_ 26	77_DEF	TH 55 ELEV. TOP ORE 2640
From	То	DESCRIPTION	From	То	Iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	ignition Loss	C ₁ O	Mg O	Average Iron	REMARKS
037 89012345678901234	2378 901234567890123555555555555555555555555555555555555	Brown clay Grey silty, damp clay Brown, ferrug. sandy clay, slightly oolitic n		42 47 51 55	20.94 33.84 33.68 25.72	0.577 0.739	0.14	48.45 27.08 25.65 30.80	5.91 5.78	0.07 0.126	13.00	2.87 3.31	1.07 0.96	33.76 or 31.29	7

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 6-1-88-7-6 LOCATION 440' East of Center ELEVATION 2700 DEPTH 70: ELEV. TOP ORE 2644 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Average Iron Ca O Mg O REMARKS Sulph. Silica DESCRIPTION From Τo 0 18 27 18 27 44 Brown sandy clay Blue silty clay, damp 34-42 contains shell fragments, probably clams Soft grey shale
Brown, colitic ore, some clay-limonite
Highly colitic Brown ore with bits 56 57 59 56 57 25.30 33.69 56 5.78 0.091 15.10 3.09 1.29 34.14 0.672 0.19 23.48 34.66 57 63 shale or clay 25.25 63 30.95 64 61 63 64 65 70 Green colitic ore 59 61 63 64 65 Mostly greenish clay with some colites
"Base of zone Grey Shale DRILL LOG HOLE No. 7-1-88-7-6 PAGE No. HOLE No._ 7-1-88-7-6 ELEV. TOP ORE 2649 LOCATION Center of Lsd ELEVATION 2698 DEPTH_801 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Average Iron REMARKS Ignition Loss Sulph. Ça O Mg O Mang. From Τo DESCRIPTION Brown sandy clay
Blue, silty clay, damp
Blue-green clay, dry
GreenBlack collic zone, small amt.clay 48.3 54.3 32.72 0.516 0.19 21.82 5.60 0.90 17.00 3.26 0 16 16 28 28 48.3 48.3 50.3 50.3 52.3 52.3 54.3 54.3 56.3 56.3 60 80 32.72 61 1.97 or Greenish Clay Grey Shale or clay 2" water seam at 69.5"

HOLE No. 8-1-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

LOCATION Center of Lsd.

HOLE No. 8-1-88-7-6

ELEVATION_2701 DEPTH 901 ELEV. TOP ORE 2646 ANALYSIS SAMPLES REMARKS Ca O Mg O Sulph. Ťο Mang. DESCRIPTION From Brown Clay
Alternate bands brown to grey clay
Brown colitic ore zone, consid. clay
Highly colitic Brown ore zone, few bits
shale 0 10 55 56 10 55 56 58 56 21.36 43.47 55 63 33.53 0.653 0.14 22.84 5.02 0.81 16.76 3.54 2.20 56 60 62 58 60 some green oolitic Highly colitic greenish brown ore, shaley 62 63 68 90 Green clay or shale Black shale

HOLE No. 9-1-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 9-1-88-7-6 PAGE No._

;					LOCATIO	ON Cen	ter of	Lsd,				ELEVAT	ION_270	DEF	TH 66' ELEV. TOP ORE 2648
From	То	DESCRIPTION	From	To	lran	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	ANALYSIS Alum,	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	C. O	Mg O	Average Iron	REMARKS
0 31 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64	31 57 58 59 60 61 62 63	Brown sandy clay, wet & sticky at 8' Blue clay - damp. Thin shale cap at 57 Highly colitic greenish brown ore zone "" " " " " " " " " " " " Base of zone - mixture green clay & Same	57 62	62 64	32.41 30.01	0.623	0.17	22.58 22.83	5.11	0.081	16.55	3.45	1.80	31 <u>.72</u>	Possible top of zone mussed in sampling. May be 6" to 1' thicker than indicated.
64	66	Green Shale or clay		-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								

HOLE No. 10-1-88-7-6

DRILL LOG LOCATION 120' Fast and 100' North of

HOLE No. 10-1-88-7-6 PAGE No. 33

ELEVATION 2740 DEPTH 100° ELEV. TOP ORE 2649

			SAM	PLES	Ce	enter o	of Lsd.	•	ANALYSIS			CCC VAI	2/4		THE LEET. TOT ONL 2347
From	r.	DESCRIPTION	From	To	Iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	C.O	Mg O	Averago Iron	REMARKS
0 7 17 90 1 92 93 94 5 96 97 8 99	7 17 90 91 92 93 95 96 97 98 990	Brown gravelly clay Gravel Grey silty clay Hard Shale Greenish Brown colitic shaly zone Highly colitic green-brown ore zone """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	91 92 98	92 98 100	30.35 32.93 27.30	0.63	0.19	25.66 22.81 24.29	5.23	0.088	16.30	3.22	1.66	31.39 9	

HOLE No. TA-3-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. IA-3-88-7-6 PAGE No. 34

LOCATION 443! North West of Center of Lsd . ELEVATION 2689 DEPTH 70.5 ELEV. TOP ORE 2631.5

1			SAME	LES					ANALYSIS			ELEVAI	ION_268	9 DEP	1H70.3 ELEV. 10F ORE 2631.5
From	To	DESCRIPTION	From	То	Iron	Phos.	Mang,	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	C _a O	Mg O	Average iron	REMARKS
	25,465,555,555,555,555,555,555,555,555,55		59.5	67.5	25.02 32.61 37.61	0.644	0.16	36.05 27.07 19.95	4.91	0.11 2	13.86	2.64	1.24	32,35 101	
ŧ	5 70.5	0012002	· .												
0 29 37 48 85	297 485 87	Note Hole 1-3-88-7-6 drilled at center of Ls Collar Elev. 2720 [†] Brown clay Blue-grey silty clay or shale Brown Clay Blue-grey silty clay-some damp sections Coarse sand and gravel - water.		count	ered w	ater at	87' 0	lepth a	nd had	to be	aband	oned.			

N. S. EDGAR, P. Eng.

HOLE No. 6C-3-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

PAGE No. HOLE No. 6C-88-7-6

LOCATION 559* Fast of Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2657 DEPTH 28 ELEV. TOP ORE 2645 ANALYSIS SAMPLES

From 1	То	DESCRIPTION	From	То	fron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	Ca O	Mg O	Average Iron	REMARKS
0 10 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	10 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 28	Sand and clay Brown clay Brown, highly colitic ore zone "" " " " " " " " Less colitic-brown sandy mat'l. Highly colitic brown ore zone "" Shale	12 13 18 24	13 18 24 26	31.80 31.64 35.35 29.01	0.683 0.595	0.16	24.04 27.42 23.50 25.64	6.84 5.68	0.027	13.25	3.308	0.94 1.04	32.86 14.	

DRILL LOG

LOCATION Center of Lsd.

PAGE No. 36 HOLE No. 7-3-88-7-6

ELEV. TOP ORE 2638 ELEVATION 2669 DEPTH 42' ANALYSIS SAMPLES REMARKS Mang. DESCRIPTION From Iron Brown clay, wet below 3' Grey clay with sand & gravel Shale 11 28 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 25.38 32 32.00 31 Shale
Highly colitic greenish brown ore zone
Same - less shale
Colitic, Slightly sandy zone-bits shale
Brown colitic zone-considerable shale
Highly colitic brown ore zone 5.72 0.068 14.32 2.57 0.92 34.07 0.654 0.16 24.70 32 38 34-43 18.44 39 34.02 Same Greenish brown colitic zone, bits green Green, sandy shale with few oolites Mostly green shale with few bits rusty 38 39 39 40 matl.

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 7A-3-88-7-6 PAGE No. 37 HOLE No. 74-3-88-7-6 LOCATION 5351 South East of Lad DEPTH 46 ELEV. TOP ORE 2634 ELEVATION_2669 SAMPLES Average tron C₀O Mg O DESCRIPTION From To Brown slay - some gravel 0 1131 314 356 378 11 13 31 34 35 36 37 38 39 Grey clay - damp Brown clay Shale 0.714 0.17 26.49 0.781 0.18 16.59 31.97 31.30 40.65 Brown, highly collitic ore zone, sandy 35 36 40 6.05 0.064 12.94 5.27 0.036 14.49 clay and 39 40 41 42 43 44 40 41 42 43 44 45 Greenish brown ore zone becoming shaly Shale DRILL LOG HOLE No. 10-3-88-7-6 PAGE No. 38 HOLE No. 10-3-88-7-6 LOCATION 50' South of Center of Lad. ELEVATION 2719 DEPTH 91 ELEV. TOP ORE 2638 SAMPLES Ignition Loss Mg O REMARKS C₀ O From Τo DESCRIPTION Grey clay, damp to 18, dry below Shale Shaley, green colitic matl.-bits qtz. 79 81 79 81 82 81 84 88 0.18 29.38 19.55 20.96 84 28.45 88 38.63 89 32.33 0.066 15.56 2.24 1.32 34.02 0.765 5.48 and gypsum Same, less shale Similar, more shale & qtz. Greenish, boom highly colitic ore zone 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 oolitic, shaley Green shale with few bits ferrug. matl. and sand 90 91 Blue shale

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HOLE No. 11-3-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

PAGE No. 39

HOLE	. No. 11=3=88=7=6	SAMS	PLES	LOCATIO	ON_50'	Sout	of Ce	nter c			ELEVAT			7-88-7-6 FAGE No. 33 TH 221 ELEV. TOP ORE 2641
From To	DESCRIPTION	From	To	Iron	Phos.	· Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	CaO	Mg O	Average from	REMARKS
0 9 10 11 11 12 13 13 14 15 16 16 17 18 18 19 19 20 21 22	Brown & Grey clay with rust at 7' Brown ferrug. colitic, few white specs. Greenish brown highly colitic ore zone """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	9 10 15 17	10 15 17 20	23.47 37.36 29.91 25.68	0.722	0.24	39.85 21.62 24.50 29.40	6.11	0.025	14-14	2.80	0.77	33.76 87 or 31.55	

	HOLE	No. 12-3-88-7-6			LOCATIO			L LOG		of Lsd	la.	TY 5314 T			2=3=88=7=6 PAGE No. 40
			SAMI	PLES				Water 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	ANALYSIS			ELEVAI	10N_26	5DEP	PTH 23 ELEV TOP ORE 2638
From	То	DESCRIPTION	From	То	Iran	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	Ca O	Mg O	Average Iron	REMARKS
0 7 9 12 17 18 19 20 21 22	7 9 12 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Grey clay Yellow-brown sand Brown clay Sandy clay Brown, colitic sandy, shaly mat'l. Brown oolitic sandy ore zone """" """" Brown Ferrug. Mat'l. with green clay Green clay or shale.	17 18	18 21	19.80 34.61	o_708	0.17	52.25 26.47	5.72	0.23	13.13	1.50	0.76	34.61 31	

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 13-3-88-7-6 HOLE No. 13-3-88-7-6 LOCATION 300' East of Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2654 ELEV. TOP ORE 2639 ANALYSIS SAMPLES REMARKS Sulph. Mg O-Silica Alum. From To Mang. DESCRIPTION Brown sandy clay
Brown rusty, slightly colitic mat'l.
bits green clay 0 15 25.03 36.69 15 17 25.03 16 17 18 19 17 18 19 28 Brown rusty sandy clay. Grey shale DRILL LOG HOLE No. 14-3-88-7-6 LOCATION 200' West & 179' North of Center ELEVATION 2653 ELEV. TOP ORE 264 DEPTH 21 SAMPLES REMARKS C₀ O Mg O Silica From DESCRIPTION Brown clay - few pebbles, damp Brown colitic ore zone with shale & sand 0.787 0.19 28.81 26.97 22.90 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 12 26.50 15 27.06 21 33.76 0 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 11 12 15 6.50 0.08 13.55 2.74 0.61 Rusty brown highly colitic ore zone Water at 21 no further return of cuttings

HOLE No. 8-4-88-7-6

To

0 4 9 26 26 27 DESCRIPTION

Sandy clay, gravel
Sand
Sandy clay, damp
Brown colitic ferrug. mat'l. with shale
and sand

DRILL LOG

SAMPLES

From

26 27 35

LOCATION 2001 East of Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2666 DEPTH 39 ELEV. TOP ORE 2640 ANALYSIS Ça O Mg O REMARKS Sulph. То Alum. 27 23,90 35 29,75 37 26,49 0.571 0.14 33.06 33.28 26.44 10 6.25 0.252 12.85 2.92 1.45

HOLE No. 8-4-88-7-6

PAGE No.

27 28 30 31 32 33 34 36 37	28 29 30 31 33 33 34 35 36 37 39	Brown highly colitic ore zone """ """ """ """ """ Less colitic, more clay """ """ Green shale or clay	27 35	357	29.75 26.49	0.571	0.14	33.06	6.25	0.252	12.85	2.92	1.45	26.44 1044	
	HOLE	No. <u>13-4-88-7-6</u>			LOCATIO		DRILI		, `			DI 20114 T		LE No. <u>13</u>	4-88-7-6 PAGE No. 44
1		:	SAMI	LES	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				ANALYSIS			 	!		1 1-2
From	n To	DESCRIPTION	SAMI From -	To	Iran	Phos.	Mang.		ANALYSIS Alum.	Sulph.	. Ignition Loss	C. O	Mg O	Average from	REMARKS

DRILL LOG HOLE No. 15-4-88-7-6 PAGE No. HOLE No. 15-4-88-7-6 LOCATION 350° North of Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2638 ELEV. TOP ORE 2624 _DEPTH_22 SAMPLES ANALYSIS From Silica Alum. Sulph. Ca O Mg O REMARKS DESCRIPTION Τo Grey gravelly clay Grey silty clay - wet Brown ferrug., oolitic mat'l. with bits shale and white calc mat'l. 8 14 15 14 14 15 19 15 19 20 25.24 25.00 24.18 24.90 37.00 7.02 0.074 13.10 4.78 Sandy, clay with few oolites and rust Ferrug. slightly oolitic mat'l. 0.14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 Only slightly colitic and shaly Sandy ferrug. clay-much gypsum Grey clay with much gypsum DRILL LOG HOLE No. HOLE No. 16-4-88-7 LOCATION 590' East and 260' North of Center ELEVATION 2657 DEPTH 30' ELEV. TOP ORE 2650 ANALYSIS Of Lsd. SAMPLES lgnition Loss DESCRIPTION Silica REMARKS Brown clay Highly colitic brown ore - some sand & 8 29.85 13 29.50 0.604 18 39.11 0.835 23 36.25 0.732 28 30.88 0.690 30.31 31.68 5.75 0.058 17.54 5.96 0.062 20.90 5.60 0.051 24.37 5.93 0.081 clay 12.44 14.66 14.82 16.10 3.20 0.75 2.37 1.38 1.70 1.00 4.88 0.71 0.15 0.21 0.14 0.13 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 12 22 23 24 26 27 28 30 Zone remarkably uniform throughout section with shale & Blue clay or shale

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HOLE No. 14-5-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

PAGE No.__ 47 HOLE No.14-5-88-7-6

LOCATION Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2688 DEPTH 50' ELEV. TOP ORE 2654 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Average REMARKS Sulph. Ca O Ma O DESCRIPTION Brown gravelly clay Grey silty clay Shale Greenish colitic sandy mat'l. with 0 12 33 34 12 33 34 35 37 27.43 26.96 34 36 37 50 Blue shale

HOLE No. 16-5-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 16-5-88-7-6

LOCATION 100' North & 660' West of Center ELEVATION 2642 DEPTH 37 ELEV. TOP ORE 2627

İ		•	SAME	PLES					ANALYSIS	of Ls	d.				
From	Го	DESCRIPTION	From	То	Iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silice	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	C. O	Mg O	Average Iron	REMARKS
0 3 9 15 16 17 18 22	3 9 15 16 17 18 22 37	Brown clay with sand and gravel Gravel, some sand Brown sandy clay Sandy ferrug. mat'l few oolites " " " " " " Sand & clay Blue green shale	15	18	11.85		The second secon	65.07							

HOLE No. 164-5-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 164-5-88-7-6 PAGE No. 49

LOCATION 660 West and 532 North of Center ELEVATION 2671 ELEV. TOP ORE 2645 ANALYSIS of Lad. SAMPLES REMARKS Silica Ca O Mg O DESCRIPTION Mang. Gravelly brown clay
Sand and gravel
Sandy clay - damp
Brown ferrug. sandy mat'l. slightly
collitic 12 23 26 27 12 23 26 58.27 26 30 14.28 28 29 30 41 Blue green shale

HOLE: No. 2-8-83 5 m5

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 2-8-88-7-6 PAGE No. 50

	nole.	NO. <u>Codestino</u>	SAMI	PLES	LOCATIO	ON_15	Ot Wes		enter (ELEVAT	ION_27	18_DEP	TH 70* ELEV. TOP ORE 2654
From	То	DESCRIPTION	From	To	· tron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	ignition Loss	Ca O	Mg O	Average Iron	REMARKS
0 4 64	4 64 65	Gravel with clay Grey silty clay, damp and sticky Brown, sandy clayish mat'l. slightly oolitic Green oolitic mat'l. with sand & clay	64	66	28,08			30.05						-	
55 56 57	66 67 70	Green sandy shale Greenish grey shale													
	ì	·											-		
	1 1								-						

HOLE No. 2-9-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 2-9-88-7-6 PAGE No. LOCATION Center of Lsd ELEVATION 2662 __DEPTH_25 ELEV. TOP ORE 2647 SAMPLES ANALYSIS Average Iron REMARKS C₃ O Alum. Suiph. M3 O-To DESCRIPTION 15 16 Brown clay ---Brown colitic zone with qtz. grains and white calc. mat'l. 15 16 30.84 21 32.95 23 22.07 24 13.96 0.15 32.54 22.78 43.30 59.68 15 16 21 23 32.59 0.642 6.04 0.079 14.97 4.85 0.98 Brown rusty highly colitic ore zone 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 or Ferrug. mat'l. not very colitic ... " " , shaly Brown ferrug. mat'l, with green clay Blue green clay or shale DRILL LOG HOLE No. 4-9-88-7-6 HOLE No.4-9-88-7-6 LOCATION Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2711 DEPTH 72 ELEV. TOP ORE 2652 SAMPLES DESCRIPTION То REMARKS 16 56 59 60 Brown gravelly clay, gypsum xtls at 10° Grey silty clay or shale 16 56 59 Brown sandy clay Brown ferrug. mat'l, slightly oolitic 60 24.51 63 31.00 65 16.72 71 34.41 37.33 28.91 55.98 21.57 shaly 59 60 63 65 60 61 62 63 61 62 63 64 29.78 121 0.620 0.14 6.30 0.128 12.95 2.28 1.66 Brown colitic ore zone 0.663 0.16 5.81 0.12 1.68 Brown, sandy; only few colites & white calc. mat. or 30.26 Rusty brown sandy shale - few colites 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 Greenish brown, highly colitic ore zone Brown ferrug. slightly colitic Shale N. S. EDGAR, P. ENG.

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 6-9-88-7-6

LOCATION 50' East of Center of Lsd. FI EVATION 2704

NOLE NO. DEPTH 61 FLEW TOP OPE2655

From To DESCRIPTION From To Iron Phos. Mang. Silica Alum. Sulph. Ignition Co O Mg O Average Iron REMARKS				SAME	PLES					ANALYSIS						
O Do Do Do Do Do De Partir de la companya dela companya dela companya de la companya dela companya dela companya de la companya de la companya de la companya dela companya	From	To	DESCRIPTION	From	To	Iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.		C• O	Mg O		REMARKS
30 47 Grey clay, damp & sticky Plastic yellow clay Shale 48 49 50 Rusty brown sandy shaly mat'l. 50 51 7 7 7 7 8 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	007890 51235455678990	\$8 \$90 55 52 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	Rusty brown sandy shaly mat'l. """ slightly collitic """ """ Brown highly collitic ore zone """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ Brown ferrug, mat'l. with green clay	52 57	1	i i		0.18	21.68 28.58		0.054	12.90	2.43	0.72	35 <u>.65</u>	

HOLE No. 7,9,88,7,6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 7-9-88-7-6 PAGE No.

. NO	Latin IN	0	SAMI	PLES	LOCATIO	ON_427	Sout		enter Analysis	of Lad	La	ELEVAT	ION <u>267</u>	DEP	TH 26 ELEV. TOP ORE 2659
rom 1	Го	DESCRIPTION	From	To	Iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	C ₀ O	Mg O	Average fron	REMARKS
0 1 12 1 13 1 15 16 1 17 1 18 19 2 21 22 23	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 120 121 122 123 124 125 126	Brown clay, few pebbles, rust at 11' Shale Brown colitic ferrug. mat'l. """"", shaly """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	13 14 17 21	14 17 21 23	34-69 28-24 40-58 30-73	0.8%	0.14 0.17	25.43 32.48 17.86 26.39	5.95 5.24	0.035 0.012	10.82 12.83	4.39	0.57 0.60	34-31 101	
	-						,						2.		

HOLE No. 8-9-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 8-9-88-7-6 PAGE No. 55

LOCATION40 South East of Center of Lsd. ELEVATION 2668 DEPTH_27 ELEV. TOP ORE 2655 ANALYSIS SAMPLES Average Silica Ca O Mg O REMARKS. DESCRIPTION Alum. Mang. Yellowish wet clay Brown colitic mat'l., bits shale or clay Q 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 25 26 0.20 0.18 0.16 26.60 0.16 18.71 23.35 5.87 0.06 13.00 6.22 0.084 12.72 5.24 0.067 14.73 28.44 0.598 30.96 0.791 38.68 0.672 30.23 2.39 3.30 4.31 13 14 17 22 14 17 22 25 13 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 25 Brown colitic ore zone Highly few colites
" green shale Brown ferrug. mat'l. plus green shale

HOLE No. 2-10-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 2-10-88-7-6 PAGE No. 53

LOCATION 150! South, 50! West of Center of Legention 2692 DEPTH 55 ELEV. TOP ORE 2648 ANALYSIS SAMPLES REMARKS DESCRIPTION From To Brown clay - very wet & sticky water horizon at 28' 0 ЬĴ Shale 5455678 490 555554 4456789012345 Rusty clay, slightly colitie 29.88 19.49 5.31 0.076 15.42 2.47 20.90 4**5** 48 52 48 52 53 27.14 35.60 31.13 0.693 0.13 Similar - more oclitic & sandy Green-brown highly colitic ore zone Green clay - base of some

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MINING EMBINEER

HOLE No. 3-10-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

m	То	DESCRIPTION	From	To.	, Iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	G ₀	му О	Average Iron	REMARKS
7	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	Brown clay - rusty at 7' Top of zone - wet - no sample return Highly oolitic brown ore zone-some qtz.	27 33	33 34	37.20 33.84	0.659	0.17	20.85 21.71	5.68	0.132	14.15	1.59	0.65	36.72	Zone probably 8° thick.
573901234	31 32 33 34 35 37	" " greenish brown color " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	sent									A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR			
		*			·										p

DRILL LOG

HOLE No. 3A-10-88-7-6 PAGE No. 58

From	To	. DESCRIPTION .	From	То	iron	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	C ₂ O	Mg O	Average fron	REMARKS
0 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Brown clay Highly colitic ore zone-Brownish green n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n r n n r n n r n n r n n r n n r n n r n r n n r n	16	21	38.61	0.738	0.22	17.97	6.15	0.033	13.49	2.11	0.68	38,61	Water at 21'-no sample 21-22 zone-probably 7' thick.
						A THE STATE OF THE				The state of the s		to the second se	And a company way or a second		

HOLE No. 4W-10-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

			SAM	PLES	LOCATIO	N_2501	South	and 6	601 WE	of Lsc	Center 1. 10	ELEVAT	ION_266	2DEPTH	27 ELEV. TOP ORE 2646
From	То	DESCRIPTION	From	То	Iton	Phas,	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	Ca O	Mg O	Average Iron	REMARKS
16 1	26 29 20 21 22 22 23 24 25 27	Gravel with small amounts clay Highly colitic ore zone with shale, gypsum, sand Brown highly colitic ore zone """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	16 17 21	17 21 24	30.93 35.55 30.51	0.725 0.692	0.18 0.16	22.99 25.58	5•49 6•96	0.011 0.053	14.22 16.16	3.05 4.38	1.02	33 <u>.08</u>	

HOLE No. 6A-10-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

			****	DI 56	LOCATIO	ON_515	† West		ater of		- 1	ELEVAT	ION_270	BDEPT	TH 701 ELEV. TOP ORE 2649
From	Ta	DESCRIPTION	From	To	Iran	Phos.	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	Ignition Loss	C. O	Мg О	Average Iron	REMARKS
0 11 458 59 60 612 63 64 65 667 69	11 46 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70	Brown gravelly clay Brown silty clay, damp and sticky Grey silty clay, dry Shale Green-brown sandy colitic mat'l., qtz. grains & white calc. mat'l. Same more colitic Highly colitic greenish ore zone mnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn	59 60	60	31.61 35.76	0.70	0.17	22.87	6.06	0.115	16.06	2.75	0.79	35 g24	

HOLE No. 1-12-88-7-6

DRILL LOG

SAMPLES

HOLE No. 1-12-88-7-6 PAGE No. 51.

LOCATION 460' East and 360' South of Center ELEVATION 2671 DEPTH 20' ELEV. TOP ORE 2661(?)

From	То	DESCRIPTION	From	То	Iron	Phos	Mang.	Silica	Alum.	Sulph.	ignition Loss	Ca O	Mg CL	Average Iron	REMARKS
0 10 11 12 13 14	10 11 12 13 14 20	Brown gravelly clay Bright orange - red matl. highly coliti Same Brown Ferrug, matl few colites Same - plus bits grey shale Damp brown clay - encountered water zone at 20° and abandoned	c 10 12	12	29.21 28.26	0.662 0.640	0.24 0.21	34.14 33.30	5.45 5.98	0.037	12.20 12.89	1.76 2.09	0.86 1.10	28.73 41	
			-		ana.										
			-	1931								-			
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														,	
							<u> </u>				1				

N. S. EDGAR. P. Eng.

MINING ENGINEER

APPENDIX "D"



Air Separator and Compressor at left. Operator collecting cuttings with screen.



View showing orifice at top of "sealing head". Samples collected in buckets shown beside separator.

PEACE RIVER MINING & SMELTING

FILE REPORT No.

p.o. dox 5500 Edmonton, alberta

FE-AF-CITICA)

304 Imperial Bank Bldg., Edmonton, Alberta, August 13, 1962.

Director of Mineral Rights, Department of Mines and Minerals, Natural Resources Building, Edmonton, Alberta.

Dear Sir:

Re: Iron Prospecting Permit No. 17

Reference is made to our request for the issuance of a lease on certain lands contained in the above named permit. Enclosed herewith are the following documents:

- 1. Statutory Declaration respecting expenditures made in the exploration of the permit area and in metallurgical investigations of the iron ore.
- 2. A Report on Iron Prospecting Permit No. 17, (Clear Hills Iron Deposit of Alberta) dated April 21, 1962 by N. S. Edgar, which deals with the permit area.
- 3. Plan showing lands contained in Iron Prospecting Permit No. $17_{\rm p}$ and location of the drill holes thereon.

These reports present the details of the drilling exploration work in the permit area and outlined ore reserves proven and probable, together with the logs of the holes drilled and the analyses of the ore sections.

In brief, the iron ore deposit consists of a flat lying onlitic sandstone bed of cretaceous age. The ore is principally composed of the minerals Goethite and limonite which are both hydrated oxides of iron.

The drilling of 130 cored holes has established ore reserves as follows:

DESCRIPTION

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-EIGHT (88), RANGE SIX (6), WEST OF THE SIRTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections Three (3) to Ten (10) inclusive and Sections Fifteen (15) to Twenty-two (22) inclusive:

AND

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-SEVEN (87), RANGE SEVEN (7), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections Thirty-one (31) to Thirty-six (36) inclusive:

AND

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-EIGHT (88), RANGE SEVEN (7), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections One (1) to Eighteen (18) inclusive:

AND

IN TOWNSHIP ELGHTY-SEVEN (87), RANGE ELGHT (8), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections Thirty-one (31) to Thirty-six (36) inclusive:

AND

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-EIGHT (88), RANGE EIGHT (8), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections One (1) to Twelve (12) inclusive;

AND

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-SEVEN (87), RANGE NINE (9), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections Twenty-five (25) to Thirty-six (36) inclusive:

AND

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-EIGHT (88), RANGE NINE (9), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections One (1) to Six (6) inclusive;

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-SEVEN (87), RANGE TEN (10), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections Twenty-five (25) and Twenty-six (26), the South half and North West quarter of Section Twenty-seven (27) and Sections Twenty-eight (28) to Thirty-six (36) inclusive;

AND

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-EIGHT (88), RANGE TEN (10), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections One (1) to Eighteen (13) inclusive;

AND

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-SEVEN (87), RANGE ELEVEN (11), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Section Nineteen (19) and Sections Thirty (30) to Thirty-six (36) inclusive;

AND

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-EIGHT (88), RANGE ELEVEN (11), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections One (1) to Twenty-four (24) inclusive:

AND

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-SEVEN (87), RANGE TWELVE (12), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections Twenty-three (23) to Twenty-six (26) inclusive and Sections Thirty-five (35) and Thirty-six (36):

AND

IN TOWNSHIP EIGHTY-EIGHT (88), RANGE TWELVE (12), WEST OF THE SIXTH (6) MERIDIAN:

Sections One (1) and Two (2) and Sections Eleven (11) to Fourteen (14) inclusive;

AND

All statutory road allowances and what would be statutory road allowances if the lands were surveyed pursuant to The Alberta Surveys Act, lying within the outer limits of the above described lands;

containing an area of Ninety-seven Thousand, Four Hundred and Thirty (97,430) acres, more or less.

